

Innovations in Eyecare

Paul M. Karpecki, OD, FAAO

Kentucky Eye Institute, Lexington KY

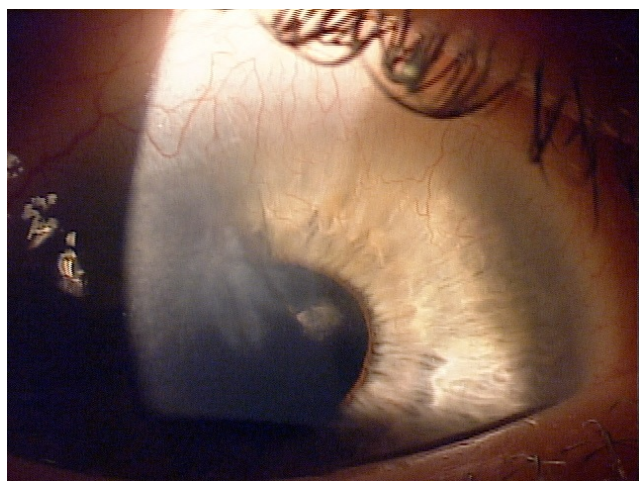
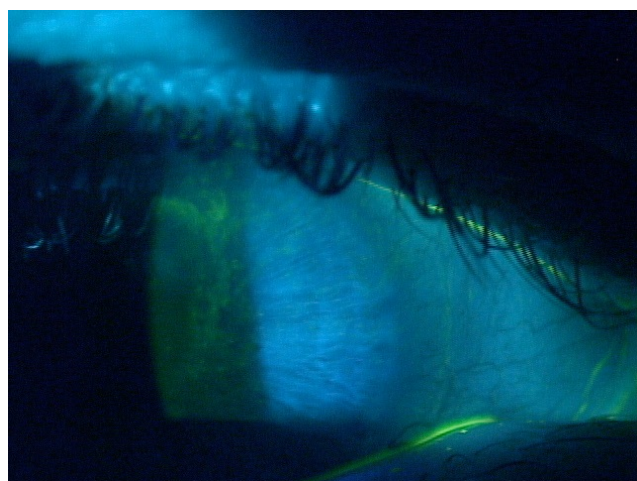
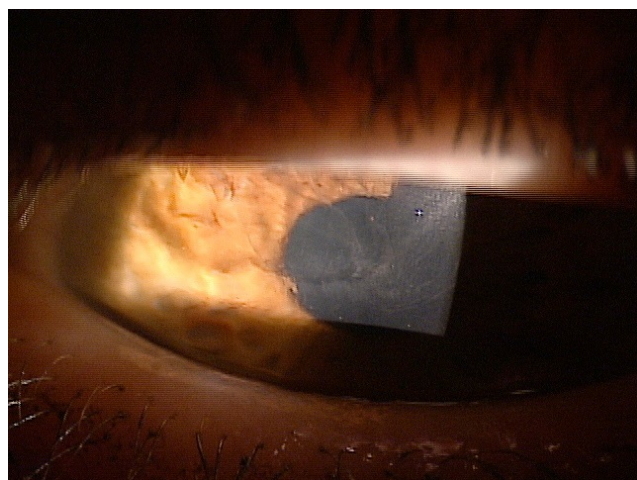
Gaddie Eye Centers, Louisville KY

UPike KY College of Optometry

Chief Clinical Editor, Review of Optometry

Medical Director, Total ECP

1



Stem Cell Technologies

Limbal Stem Cell Deficiency

Sequelae

- Persistent epithelial defects
- Corneal scarring and ulceration
- Conjunctivalization of the cornea
- Severe visual loss
- Chronic pain
- Keratoplasty failure



Limbal Stem Cell Transplantation

Procedures

Donor

Autograft

- Conjunctival limbal autograft *fellow eye*

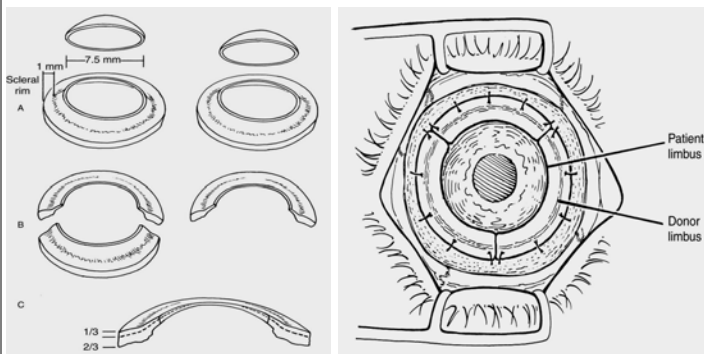
Allograft

- Living-related conjunctival limbal allograft *relative*
- Keratolimbal allograft *cadaver*

Keratolimbal Allograft

Donor

Recipient



Keratolimbal Allograft

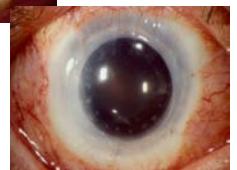
S/P Tube
Shunt



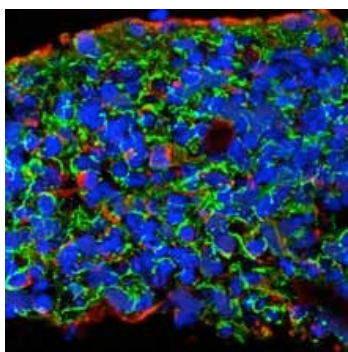
S/P KLAL



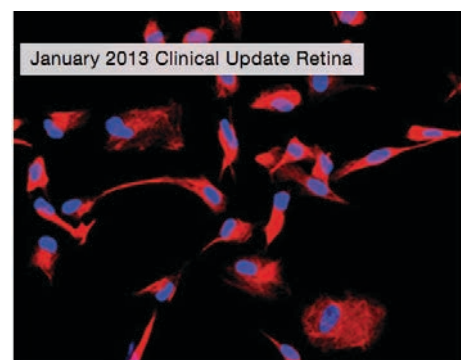
S/P PK
VA 20/30



RPE Tissue regenerated from Stem Cells



RPE Tissue Regenerated from Pluripotent Skin Stem Cells



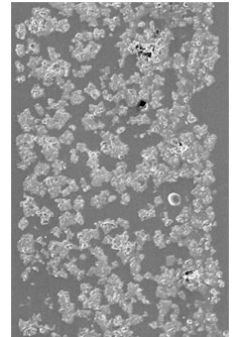
Cryopreserved formulation of retinal stem cell therapy candidate

- Cryopreserved formulation of ReNeuron Group's human retinal progenitor cell therapeutic candidate
- From RP in phase II to Rod Cone Dystrophy phase II

13

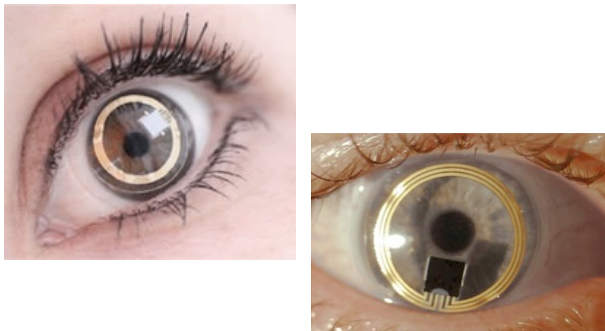
Stem Cell Coated Contact Lenses

- Aniridia patients
- Contact lens overwear?
- Various ocular surface disease issues:
 - Steven's Johnson syndrome
 - Ocular pemphigoid
 - GVH
 - Chemical burns



14

Sensimed Triggerfish lens: Diurnal IOP measurements

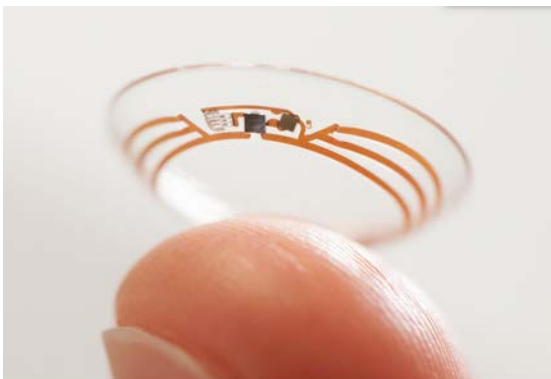


15



16

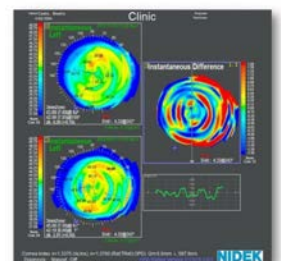
Glucose Monitoring Contact Lens



Corneal Altering Technology

- Contact lens reshaping technology after instillation of drops that can alter the cornea collagen structure
- Approved in Mexico and now working on US FDA approval

One subject's 6 month steps difference map. Upper left, section 1 shows a subject's before TWT topography image. Lower left, section 2 shows a subject's after image which is very similar. The difference between the two images becomes obvious only in the instantaneous difference map seen in section 3 on the right side.



18

Cryopreserved amniotic membrane

- Class II medical device comprising of CRYOTEK™ amniotic membrane into a thermoplastic ring set
- Combines the functionality of a symblepharon ring with the biologic actions of CRYOTEK™ amniotic membrane to create a unique treatment option for corneal and limbal wound healing



Clinical Evidence

- A safe and effective method to promote healing of the corneal surface with minimal side effects¹
- Inhibits abnormal angiogenic processes and inflammation, thus promoting scarless healing¹⁻⁷
- Stimulates healthy re-epithelialization of the corneal wound without sutures^{1,2,4-6,8}
- Provides pain relief and reduces haze, resulting in improved visual acuity by a mean (SD) of 2.5 (2.6) Snellen lines²

1. Pachigolla G, et al. Eye Contact Lens. 2009;35:72-75. 2. Sheha H, et al. Cornea. 2009;28:1118-1123. 3. Gomes JA, et al. Curr Opin Ophthalmol. 2005;16:233-240. 4. Shay E, et al. Cornea. 2010;29:359-361. 5. Khateebah A, et al. Arch Ophthalmol. 2008;126:1059-1066. 6. Shamas MC, et al. Am J Ophthalmol. 2010;149:203-213. 7. Shay E, et al. Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci. 2011;52:2669-2678. 8. Lazaro DR. Eye Contact Lens. 2010;36:60-61.

Ocular Surface Disorders

Diseases with Pre-existing Epithelial Defects to promote wound healing and reduce complications (debridement is optional)	Diseases without Epithelial Defects to prevent further damage and promote regeneration (no debridement/PTK)	Diseases with Unhealthy Epithelium or Basement Membrane to promote regeneration (after debridement/PTK)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> neurotrophic persistent corneal epithelial defect post-infectious recalcitrant corneal ulcers (e.g. herpetic, varicella, and bacterial) non-healing epithelial defect after PRK/PTK acute chemical/thermal burns acute Stevens-Johnson syndrome/toxic epidermal necrolysis 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> dry eye syndrome superficial (punctate) keratitis filamentary keratitis radiation keratitis; whorl pattern indicative of limbal stem cell injury exposure (Graves) keratopathy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> recurrent corneal erosion, EBMD Salzmann's nodular degeneration bullous keratopathy during/after DSEK haze after PTK partial limbal stem cell deficiency corneal dystrophy (e.g., Reis-Buckler)

Refractive Indications

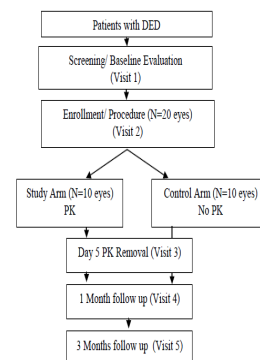
Before Surgery	After Surgery
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> to treat pre-existing ocular surface disorders and restore corneal integrity before refractive, corneal, or cataract surgery 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> to enhance healing to prevent post PRK haze



Thomas John, MD

Corneal Nerve Regeneration after Self-Retained Cryopreserved Amniotic Membrane in Dry Eye Disease

- A prospective, controlled study to compare self-retained amniotic membrane (PROKERA® Slim, Bio-Tissue, Miami, FL) and conventional treatment in patients with moderate to severe DED (DEWS 2-4).
- Twenty (20) subjects were enrolled and randomized to receive PROKERA Slim (PKS) for 5 days, or conventional treatment.
- Changes in signs and symptoms, corneal topography, corneal sensitivity, and corneal nerve density were evaluated at baseline, month, and 3 months.



John T, Tighe S, Sheha H, et al (2017). Corneal Nerve Regeneration After Self-Retained Amniotic Membrane in Dry Eye Disease. Journal of Ophthalmology.

Insertion & removal

- Set patient expectations! Inform the patient they may experience some initial stinging and foreign body sensation
- Apply topical anesthesia
- Rinse the PROKERA® a with a sterile solution (saline, BSS etc...)
- Hold the upper eyelid
- Ask the patient to look down
- Insert the PROKERA® into the superior fornix, preferably using your fingers to hold the ring
- Slide the PROKERA® under the lower eyelid

Amniotic Membrane Treatment

Spina Bifida (First Human Case)

Post-natal Wound Healing



One year later...



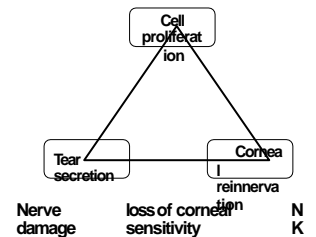
25

Endogenous nerve growth factor (NGF) and its role in NK:

Neurotrophic keratitis (NK) is a result from impaired trigeminal corneal innervation

- ↓ Lacrimation and blink reflex
- ↓ Epithelial cell vitality, metabolism, mitosis
- ↓ Epithelial trophism and repair
- ↑ Stromal and intracellular edema
- ↓ Microvilli
- ↓ Development of the basal lamina

Endogenous NGF maintains corneal integrity by three mechanisms



Mastropasqua et al. (2017) JCell

Active ingredient structurally identical to human nerve growth factor produced in ocular tissues

- Naturally occurring neurotrophin is responsible for differentiation, growth, and maintenance of neurons
- The regenerative potential of nerve growth factor (NGF) was discovered by Nobel-prize winning scientists in the early 1950s
- Cenegeim-bkbj, a novel recombinant human nerve growth factor (rhNGF), is **STRUCTURALLY IDENTICAL** to the NGF protein

Lambiasi A, Rama P, Bonini S, Caprioglio G, Aloe L. Topical treatment with nerve growth factor for corneal neurotrophic ulcers. *N Engl J Med* 1998;338:1174-80.

Cenegeim-bkbj: Recombinant human NGF (rhNGF) Proprietary treatment developed by Dompé

~10x more potent than murine NGF based on in vitro studies

Phase I study (74 healthy subjects)

- Favorable safety and tolerability
- No immunogenicity and no significant changes in serum NGF

Safety and pharmacokinetics of escalating doses of human recombinant nerve growth factor eye drops in a double-masked, randomized Ferran MP, Mantelli F, Sacchetti M, et al. clinical trial. *BioDrugs*. 2014;28(3):275e283

Human Nerve Growth Factor

- Approved for the treatment of neurotrophic keratitis in adults and children age 2 and older
- Available for ordering since January 2019
- Developed by Dompé pharmaceuticals, available through specialty pharmacy

Bonini S, Lambiasi A, Rama P et al. Phase II Randomized, Double-Masked, Vehicle-Controlled Trial of Recombinant Human Nerve Growth Factor for Neurotrophic Keratitis. *Ophthalmology* 2018;125:1332-1343.

Efficacy established as early as week 4

Endpoint of complete corneal healing: **0 mm staining in the lesion area and no persistent staining in the rest of the cornea** (last post-baseline observation carried forward; chi-squared test).

1. Bonini S, Lambiasi A, Rama P et al. *Ophthalmology* 2018;125:1332-1343.
2. Chertov, J, Boudou, C et al. Data on file. Healing of persistent epithelial defects or corneal ulcers by recombinant human nerve growth factor eye drops in patients with stage 2 or 3 neurotrophic keratitis. Presented at: Congress of the European Society of Ophthalmology (ESOR) 10-13 June, 2017, Barcelona, Spain, 2017.

Pool Safety Report

Oxervate is neither systemically absorbed, nor immunogenic

- In Phase I (NGF0112) in healthy patients at doses up to 180 µg/ml, serum concentrations of NGF did not differ from basal levels.
- In Phase I/II (NGF0212/REPARO) in NK patients, NGF serum levels were below the lower level of quantification in almost all patients (detectable serum NGF levels likely reflected known inter- and intra-individual fluctuations independent of study treatment).
- No systemic immunogenicity was detected in any clinical studies. With no (or negligible) systemic exposure, off-target pharmacological activity or toxicity are unlikely.
- The hydrophilic rhNGF solution has a very low residence time in the eye (quickly removed with the tearflow).

1. Bonini S, Lambiasi A, Rama P et al. Phase II Randomized, Double-Masked, Vehicle-Controlled Trial of Recombinant Human Nerve Growth Factor for Neurotrophic Keratitis. *Ophthalmology*. 2018;125:1332-1343
2. Mauro P, Ferrari et al. Safety and Pharmacokinetics of Escalating Doses of Human Recombinant Nerve Growth Factor Eye Drops in a Double-Masked, Randomized Clinical Trial. *BioDrugs* (2014) 28:275-283

Cenegermin-bkbj ophthalmic solution 0.002% Weekly Device Kit

OXERVATE Prescribing
Information, 2018.

Cenegermin ophthalmic solution 0.002% Dosing and Administration



Every 2 hours instill 1
drop of
OXERVATE™
(cenegermin-bkbj) ophthalmic
solution 0.002%
in the affected eye(s)

Apply 6 times
daily

Continue for 8
weeks

Study Conclusions

*Up to 72% of patients achieved complete corneal healing;
80% of healed patients were recurrence free after 1 year**

After 8 weeks of treatment,
6 times daily

Study NGF0212

50
clinical trial
sites in Europe
and the U.S.

(REPARO)
(N=52 per
group)
European patients
with NK in one
eye

In the majority of patients across two clinical studies
OXERVATE™ (cenegermin ophthalmic solution 0.002%) was well
tolerated and more effective than vehicle in promoting
complete corneal healing of moderate or severe NK.



Vehicle response
rate 33.3%

completely
healed

Study NGF0214
(N=24 per
group)
US patients
with NK in one
or both eyes



Vehicle response
rate 16.7%

completely
healed

Of patients who healed
after one 8-week course of
treatment...

80%

Remained healed for
one year

1. Bonini S, Lambiasi A, Rama P et al. *Ophthalmology* 2018;125:1332-1343.
2. Chao W, J.E.D.C. R.D et al. Data on file. Healing of persistent epithelial defects or corneal ulcers by recombinant human nerve growth factor eye drops in patients with stage 2 or 3 neurotrophic keratitis. Presented at: Congress of the European Society of Ophthalmology (ESOE) 10-13 June, 2017, Barcelona, Spain, 2017.

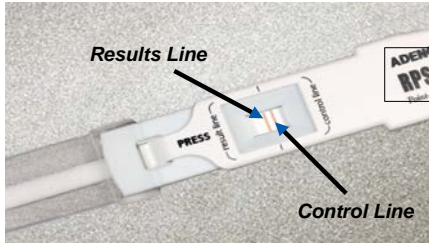
Point-of-Care Diagnostics

Adenovirus

Reading & Interpreting the Results

Positive Results:

The **Results Line** and **Control Line** are **RED** in the result window, indicating that Adenovirus antigen **is present**.



MMP-9

Reading & Interpreting the Results

Positive Results:

Means MMP-9 greater than 40 units per sample



MMP-9

Reading & Interpreting the Results

Measures the presence of MMP-9 on the ocular surface

5 minute test

Point-of-Care

Measures 40 units and above

Positive or negative

Directs inflammation treatment



Osmolarity Reader & Pens



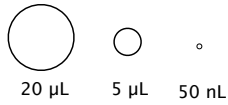
Tear Collection

Osmolarity in the Diagnosis of Dry Eye Disease

Clinical Test	PPV
Osmolarity	87%
Schirmers	31%
TBUT	25%
Staining	31%
Meniscus Height	33%

Precision @ 50 nL

- < 2% coefficient of variation @ 50 nanoliters
 - Glucose $\geq 5.0\%$ CV @ 5 microliters
 - Cholesterol $> 4.0\%$ CV @ 20 microliters



- Safe, simple collection
 - No reports of corneal or conjunctival trauma in 468 eyes [TearLab™ FDA 510(k) submission]
- Winner 2009 MDEA for In Vitro Diagnostics



Source: Kimberly MM et. al., Clinica Chimica Acta 364 (2006), Volles DF et. al. Pharmacotherapy 18:1 (1998).

Future of Tear Biomarker Analysis: Next Generation Platform

- Quantitative
- Ability to measure
 - Osmolarity
 - Inflammation biomarkers
 - Allergy biomarkers
 - Specific drug related biomarkers
- Rapid testing (< 2 minutes)
- Multiplexed biomarkers
- EHR Integration
- Clinical Application:
 - Normalization using osmolarity
 - Customized chips with designed sensitivity & specificity



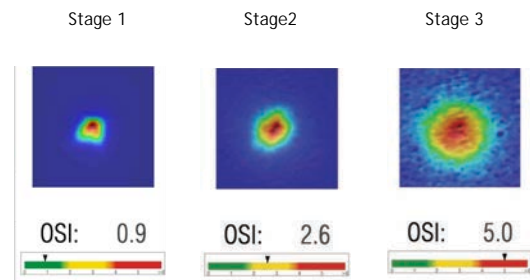
44

Next Generation Platform

- When?
 - 510k submission earlier this year
 - If approved would be Fall of 2019
 - First test will have osmolarity + 1 or 2 additional markers
 - Likely to be focused on inflammation
 - New iterations possible every 6 months



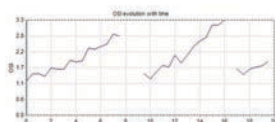
Objectively Diagnosing Cataracts



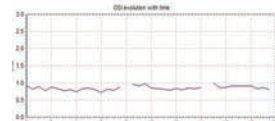
The HD Analyzer™ is the Only Tool that Objectively Measures How Early Cataractous Haze Affects Vision Quality

Non-invasive TFBUT Dry Eye Patients

Tear Film
Unstable



Tear Film
Stable

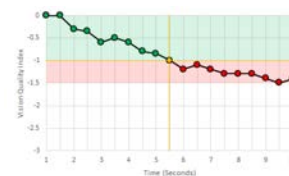
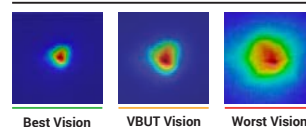


Objectively Measures How the Tear Film Affects Vision Quality

Vision Break Up Time

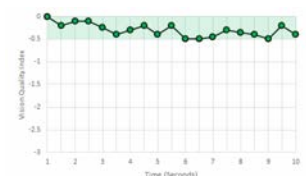
5.5 sec

STABLE



OD

OD Notes:

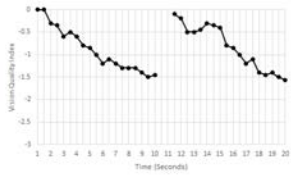


OS

OS Notes:

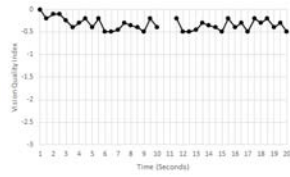
DOB: 11/15/75 11:52 AM

Vision Stability Pattern



OD

OD Notes:



OS

OS Notes:

DEMO, PATIENT
1234

OD

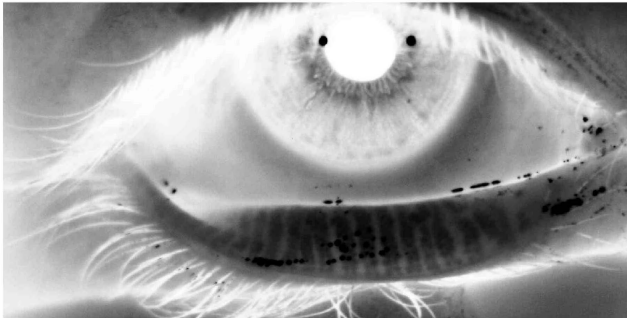


Notes:

DEMO, PATIENT
1234

1/1

OD



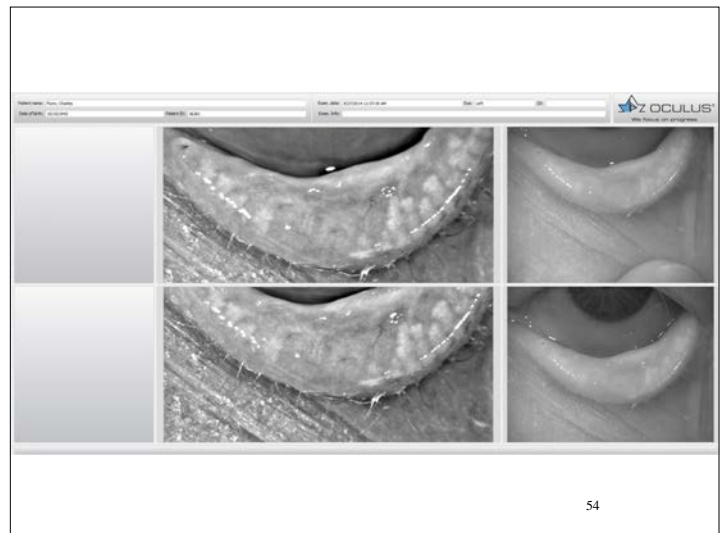
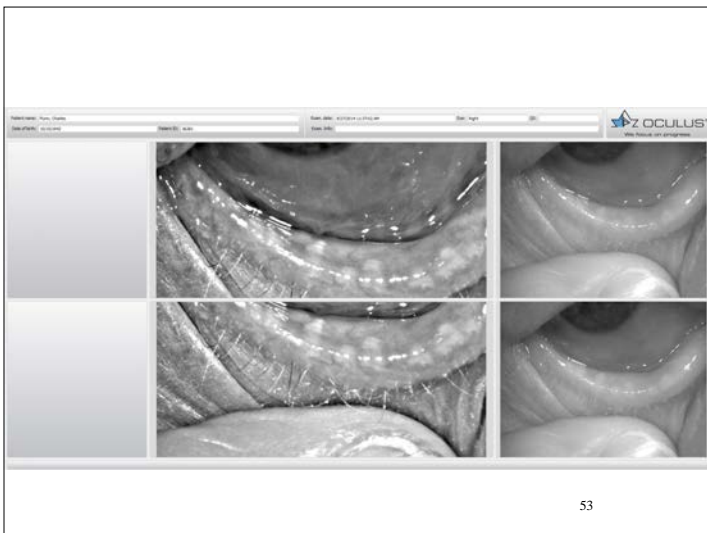
Notes:

Meibography



Paul Karpecki, OD

TSi



Assessment of Tear Film Quantity

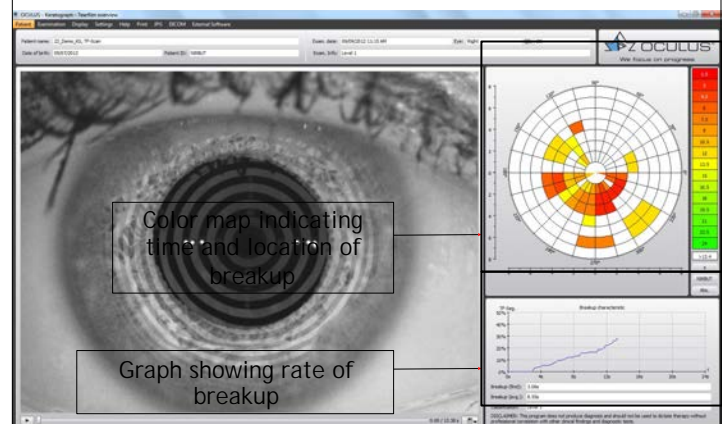


Benefit of TMH:
Non Invasive
and Fast

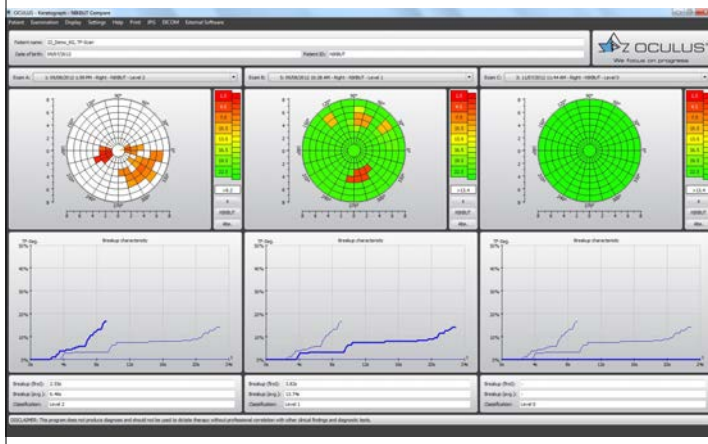


55

Non Invasive Breakup Time (NIKBUT)



NIKBUT Compare



Automatic Assessment of Bulbar Redness



Case: 43, F, Treated for MGD



Tear Module

The Tear Module for Includes Acquisition and Viewing modes to enhance the dry eye application

MEIB

Meibomian Gland IR photography
Adds adjustable contrast when viewing

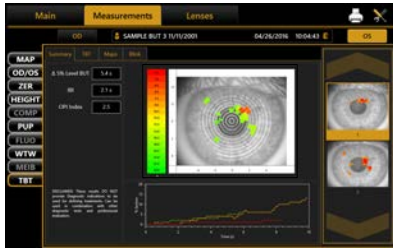
BLINK

Blink Detection
Records blinks over a period of time
Calculates average blinks per minute and blink interval

TBT

Tear Film Break up Time
Calculates First Break up and Average Breakup
Allows video playback highlighting the corneal surface

Tear Film Breakup Time



Sector Map

Shows each sector where Breakup was detected for all TBT acquisitions of the selected exam
Sectors color-coded by time when Breakup occurred

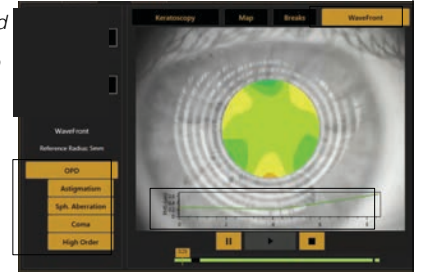
61

Tear Film Breakup Time

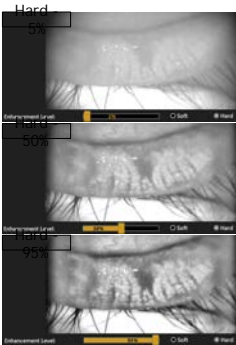
Maps Tab - WaveFront

WaveFront allows you to play back a recording of the selected acquisition with an overlay of Wavefront Aberrometry Maps to show the effect of the tear film breakup on the patients visual quality
The user can choose to overlay any or all of the following

Wavefront Aberrometry maps:
OPD (total Wavefront Aberration)
Astigmatism
Spherical Aberration
Coma
High Order



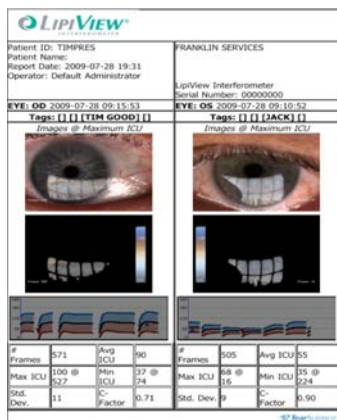
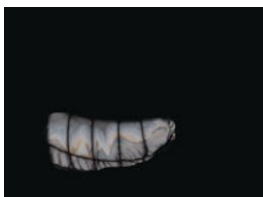
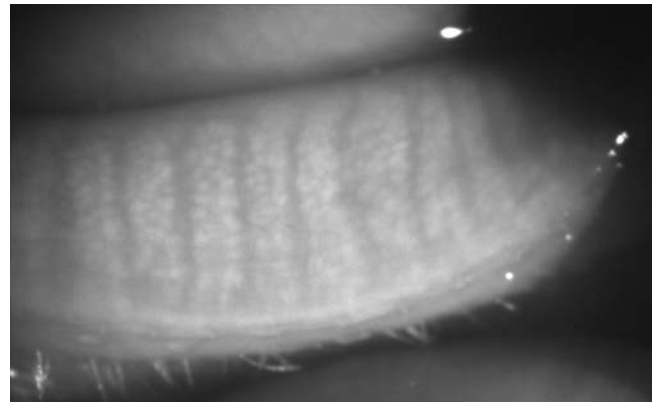
Meibography- Contrast Enhancement



Hard Contrast Enhancement

As the slider percentage is increased the bright areas of the image are made darker relative to the dark areas

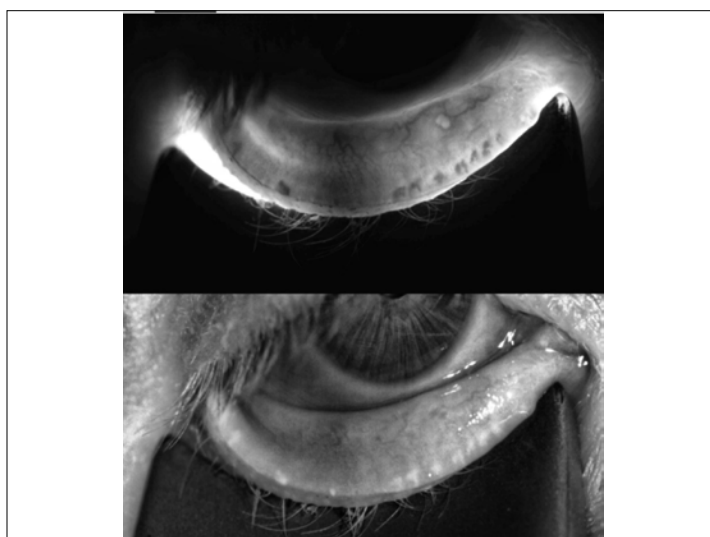
IR Slit Lamp Imaging



PARTIAL OR INFREQUENT BLINKING



66



Thermal Pulsation

FDA-cleared device for Meibomian Gland Dysfunction (MGD), shown to restore gland function.

In-office procedure, taking 12 minutes per eye.

70

22

Core Therapy: Treat obstruction

Novel Approach:
Heat the inner lid surface with simultaneous gland evacuation

Safe, effective, precise, proven:

- Restores Meibomian Gland function
- Applies a combination of heat and pressure directly to the inner eyelid
- FDA-cleared and clinically approved
- Independent proven results in peer-reviewed studies 1,2,3

Thermal Pulsation, designed using finite element modeling and years of testing and research to provide proximal to distal parabolic to clear stagnant material from the gland.

Feedback-Guided Sensors, heat from the inner lid and gland external pressure ensuring "gland center" application of energy.

Cornea Shield, space-age insulation protects the cornea from exceeding a safe 39.2 degrees Celsius, while an intelligent pressure feedback loop sends pulsed sequences to aspir blockage and stagnant material from the gland.

Fluid Evaporation, protects the globe from pressure transmission by focusing energy only to the eyelid.

1. Finis, D. et al. Ocular Surface 2014 Apr; 12(2): 146-54
2. Greiner, JV. Clin Experiment Ophthalmol. 2013 Aug;41(6):524-30
3. Blackie CA, et al. Treatment for meibomian gland dysfunction and dry eye symptoms with a single-dose vectored thermal pulsation: a randomized controlled trial. Current Opinion in Ophthalmology 2015; 26:306-313.

21

Eye Hydrating Compresses

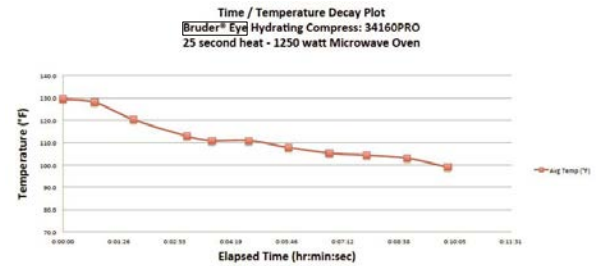
Moist heat compress
30 angstrom opening pulls
in ambient hydration and
then release
20-25 seconds in
microwave
Brings MG temperature
over 104 degrees for ~10
min
Antibacterial via silver
ionization
Washable, durable

39

Heat transfer through lid, tarsal plates to MGs a key challenge
 Heating target should be 45 degrees C (113 degrees F)
 Up to 8 minutes to reach 40 degrees C at inner lid
 Secretions melt at 32-45 degrees C (several factors impact range)

73

Patented Technology



74

Handheld MG Treatment

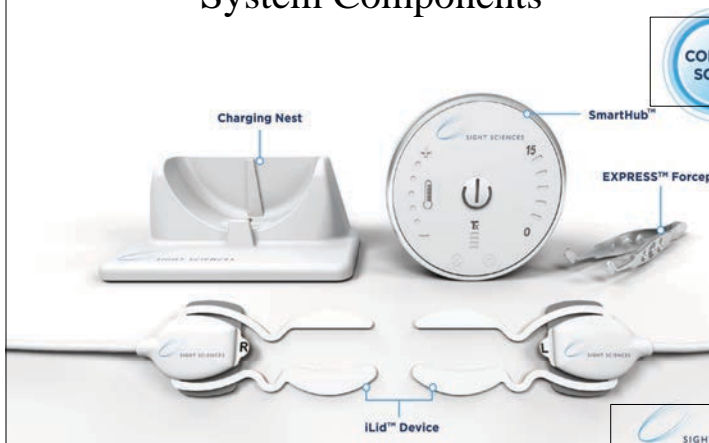
IR technology
 Back surface heating
 Viewing area
 Mechanical expression
 ionization
 Hand-held devices



39



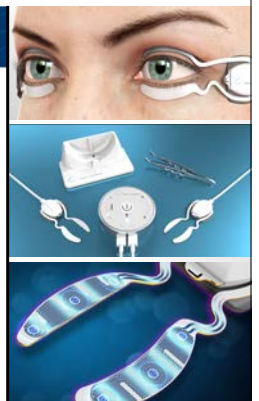
System Components



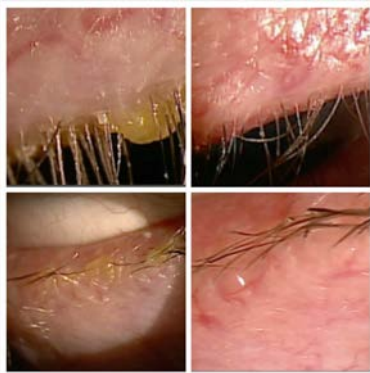
77

The TearCare® System

- Innovative**
The only wearable, open-eye procedure
- Non-Invasive**
The iLid™ devices are applied to the outer eyelids and conform to their anatomy
- Intelligent**
SmartHub™ and iLid™ devices automatically regulate heat delivery
- Efficient**
Small & convenient for doctor's office with no capital equipment investment needed
- Customized**
Thermal treatment and clearing the eyelids

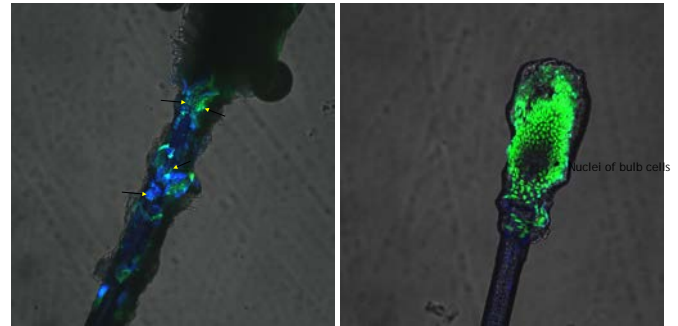


Blepharoexfoliation

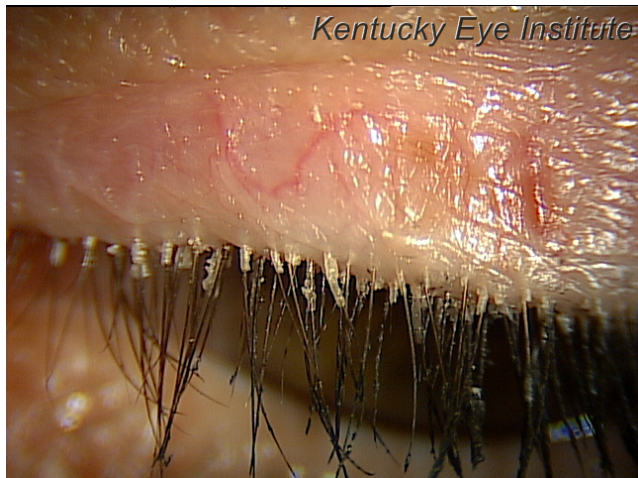


79

Bacterial Biofilm in Lash Follicles



80



IPL

- Intense Pulsed Light Therapy
- Clear association between DED and lid margin inflammatory disease
- Widely accepted as a treatment for dermatological rosacea
- More than 80% of patients with rosacea have MGD
- 20% have ocular signs first

83

IPL

- Theoretical MOA
- Telangiectatic vessels and skin erythema release inflammatory mediators
- IPL targets the abnormal erythematous blood vessels
- Temperature effect on glands?
- Photomodulation affecting cytochrome C or activating fibroblasts and collagen synthesis

84



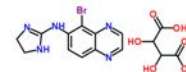
Eye Whitening

Low dose brimonidine (0.025%)

- Eye whitener
- Low dose alpha adrenergic
- 300% whiter eyes than Visine
- Lasts 6-8 hours
- No rebound hyperemia or tachyphylaxis

87

Product Profile



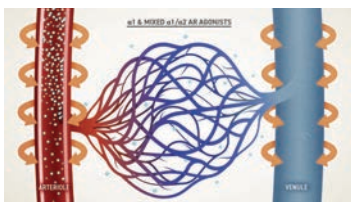
Brimonidine Tartrate

- **Description:** Brimonidine Tartrate (0.025%) drop – OTC NDA. Primary Inactive Ingredients - glycerin, borate buffer system, BAK preservative.
- **Target Indication:** Relief of ocular redness due to minor eye irritations.
- **MOA:** Highly selective α_2 -AR-specific agonist with minimal action at α_1 -AR, minimizing the side effects of tachyphylaxis and hyperemia associated with currently marketed, first generation ophthalmic vasoconstrictors (naphazoline, tetrahydrozoline, phenylephrine and oxymetazoline)
- **Dosing:** Topical solution; instill 1-2 drops in the affected eye(s) up to four times daily
- **Current Stage of Development:** Phase III completed; NDA submitted

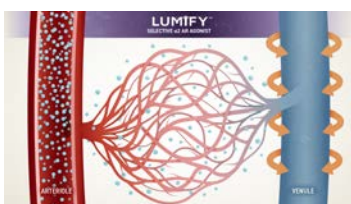
88

Mechanism of Action

- α_1 -AR or Mixed α_1 -/ α_2 - Agonist
 - Generalized arteriolar and venular constriction reduces redness
 - Arterial constriction creates relative ischemia

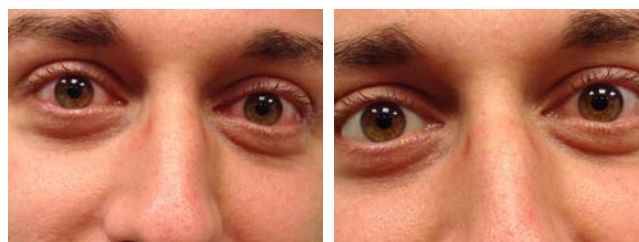


- Selective α_2 - Agonist
 - Preferential venular constriction reduces redness
 - Normal arterial perfusion allows for reduced potential for ischemia



Phase II – Efficacy in a CAC model

Brimonidine 0.025% in right eye
and oxymetazoline in left eye
(5 minutes post-dose)

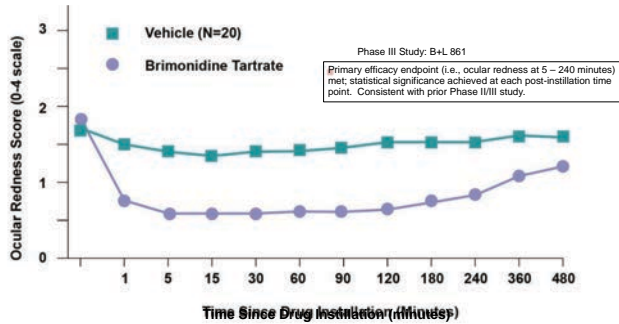


Eyes before treatment
(baseline)

90

Phase III Efficacy – Clinician Redness Score

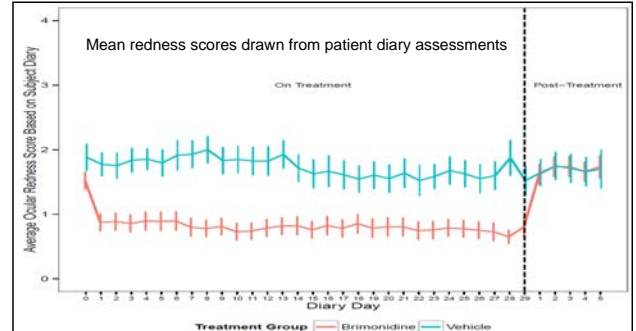
Significantly greater redness relief beginning 1 minute post-instillation and lasting up to 8 hours, compared to vehicle



CONFIDENTIAL – Property of Valeant Pharmaceuticals – Not for distribution

Phase III Efficacy – Patient Diary Assessments

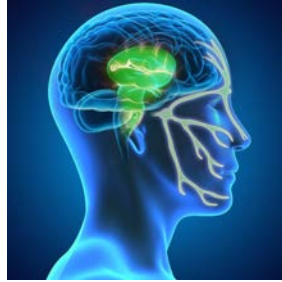
Sustained efficacy across treatment period without tachyphylaxis
No evidence of rebound after cessation of treatment



TRIGEMINAL NERVE (CN V)

BRANCHES AND FUNCTION

- Largest cranial nerve (CN V) with 3 divisions^{1,2}
 - Ophthalmic nerve (V1)
 - Maxillary nerve (V2)
 - Mandibular nerve (V3)
- Ophthalmic nerve (V1) comprises 3 branches^{1,3}
 - Lacrimal nerve
 - Nasociliary nerve
 - Frontal nerve
- Ophthalmic nerve innervates the lacrimal functional unit (LFU), including⁴⁻⁶:
 - Lacrimal gland
 - Meibomian glands
 - Goblet cells

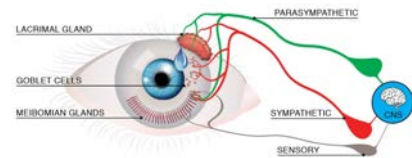


1. Towfik. Medscape website. Accessed 2016. 2. Morton et al. In: Morton et al, eds. The Big Picture: Gross Anatomy. 2011. Accessed 2016. 3. Waxman et al. Waxman SC, eds. Clinical Neuroanatomy. 2013. Accessed 2016. 4. Kossler et al. Ophthalmol Plast Reconstr Surg. 2015; 5. Beuerman et al. In: Pflugfelder et al, eds. Dry Eye and Ocular Surface Disorders. 2004; 6. Dartt. Ocul Surf. 2004.

LFU REGULATES TEAR PRODUCTION¹⁻³

BY COMMUNICATING WITH CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM (CNS)

- LFU maintains a healthy environment for the eye by regulating tear production
 - In response to any external and internal stimuli, LFU communicates with CNS
 - Sensory signals are carried via afferent neurons from LFU to CNS
 - Parasympathetic and sympathetic signals are carried via efferent neurons from CNS to LFU
 - This afferent and efferent signaling and communication occurs via the trigeminal nerve

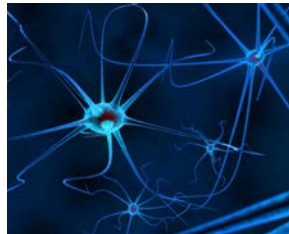


1. Kossler et al. Ophthalmol Plast Reconstr Surg. 2015; 2. Beuerman et al. In: Pflugfelder et al, eds. Dry Eye and Ocular Surface Disorders. 2004; 3. Dartt. Ocul Surf. 2004.

NEUROSTIMULATION

TARGETING TRIGEMINAL NERVE (CN V)

- The trigeminal nerve is responsible for innervation of the lacrimal functional unit (LFU)¹⁻⁴
- Emulates neural signals essential to increase tear secretion¹⁻⁴
- A drug-free option⁵⁻⁷



1. Kossler et al. Ophthalmol Plast Reconstr Surg. 2015; 2. Beuerman et al. In: Pflugfelder et al, eds. Dry Eye and Ocular Surface Disorders. 2004; 3. Brinton et al. J Neural Eng. 2016; 4. Dartt. Ocul Surf. 2004; 5. Jenkins and Tepper. Headache. 2011; 6. Danilov and Kuznetsov. J Behav Brain Sci. 2015; 7. Mekhail et al. Pain Pract. 2010.

Neuro-stimulation Technology

- Tear stimulant for aqueous deficient dry eye
- Inserted in nasal canal
- Wireless stimuli to create tears



100

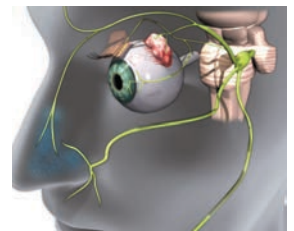
OC-01/OC-02 for the Treatment of Signs and Symptoms of Dry Eye Disease (DED) Administered Via a Nasal Spray

- OC-01 and OC-02 are being developed to directly address loss of tear film homeostasis in DED and are delivered as a nasal spray.
- Drug candidates bind to nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (nAChRs), which are located on the trigeminal nerve accessible within the nasal cavity, to stimulate tear film production.
- Trigeminal parasympathetic pathway is well characterized with nerves that innervate the lacrimal functional unit (LFU) including cornea, conjunctiva, accessory lacrimal glands, meibomian glands, and goblet cells^{1,2,3}

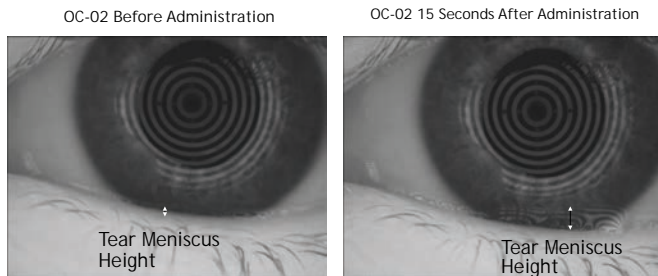


Trigeminal-Parasympathetic Pathway & DED

- The parasympathetic nervous system (PNS) controls tear film homeostasis
 - ◆ 34% of basal tear production is due to inhaled air through the nasal passage¹
- Efferent parasympathetic nerves innervate the lacrimal functional unit (LFU) including cornea, conjunctiva, accessory lacrimal glands, meibomian glands, and goblet cells^{2,3,4}
- Intervention @ the trigeminal-parasympathetic pathway represents a novel approach to producing complete tear film in patients with Dry Eye Disease (DED)



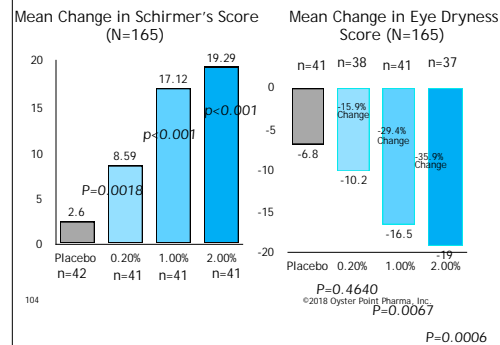
Before and 15 seconds After Administration of OC-02 Nasal Spray



103

©2018 Oyster Point Pharma, Inc.

OC-02 Phase 2b Results Demonstrate Significant Improvement in Both Signs and Symptoms of Dry Eye and Clear Dose Response



- OC-02 was well-tolerated with no ocular adverse events or drug-related serious adverse events.
- The most common adverse events were typical of nasal sprays and included cough, sneezing, and nose and throat irritation.
- These events were predominantly mild, transient and self-limiting.

EyeGraine: Subgroup of Chronic Daily Headache

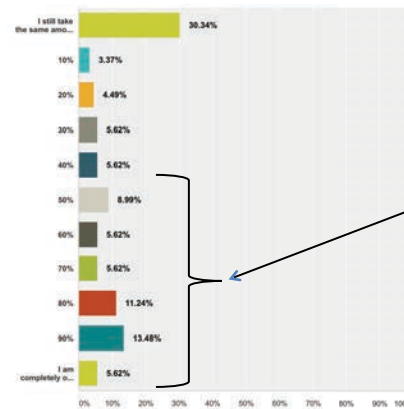
Symptoms

Primary Symptoms
Frequent Headaches
3+ days per week

Neck Pain/Stiffness

Secondary Symptoms

Dry eyes
Fatigue with near work
Photophobia, especially at night
headlights



70% off of at least some medications at 90 days

52% of patients off of 50% or more of their headache medications

No reported side effects

106

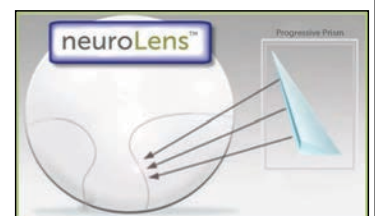
Research confirmed

- Pursuits and Saccadic eye movements
 - Sends it proprioceptive signal via the trigeminal nerve
 - Ophthalmic branch
- Trigeminal Nerve (V) :
 - Stimulation of Ophthalmic branch
 - Frontal headaches (sinus headaches)
 - Terminates in lower brain stem (back of head headaches /neck pain)
 - Cornea sensation (Dry Eye)

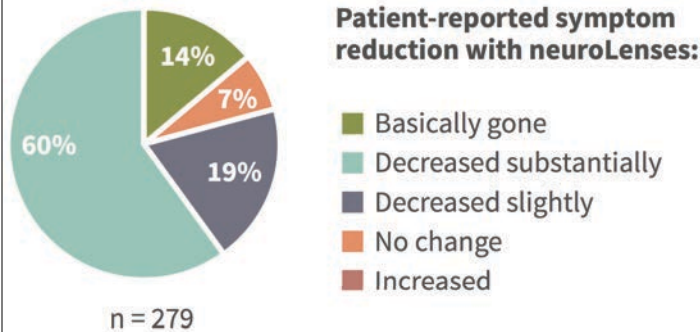
107

The Solution (neuroLens)

- Synchronizes binocular vision at all distances, eliminating need for compensating eye movements.
- Progressive prism technology, using measurements from SightSync
- Built into spectacle lenses with patient's Rx



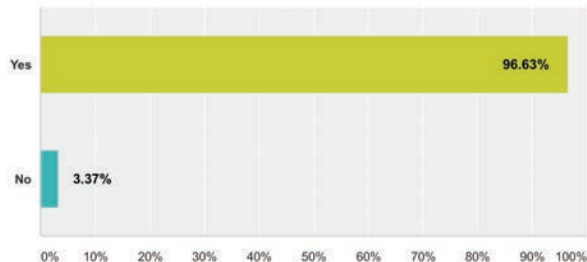
108



109

Based on your experience in the first 90 days of the eyeGraine Treatment Plan, would you be willing to recommend eyeBrain Medical to your friends and family?

Answered: 89 Skipped: 0

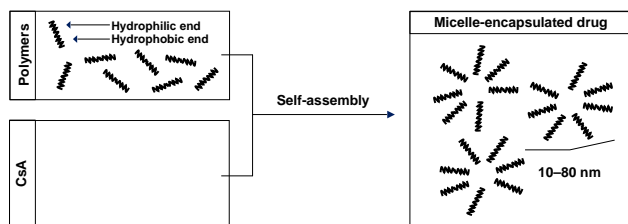


110

Cyclosporine 0.09%

The nanomicelle structures in OTX-101 are formed using polymers which entrap the lipophilic molecule (CsA) within its hydrophobic core, while the hydrophilic (water soluble) domain of the polymers make up the outer shell⁵

These water-soluble micelles help improve solubility/ocular tissue bioavailability of CsA

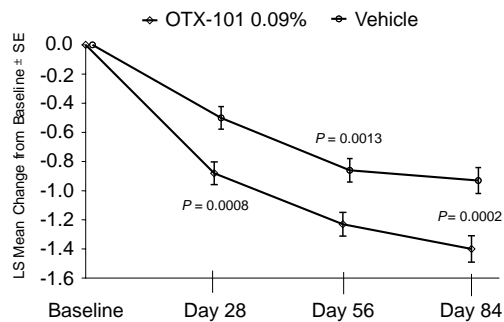


CsA, cyclosporine A.

111

Change from Baseline in CFS in Patients Treated with Active vs Vehicle

Total Score

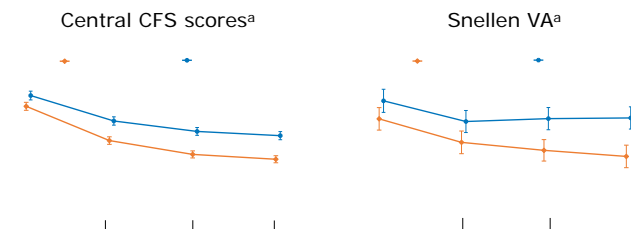


P-values from ANCOVA model of 0.09% vs vehicle.

ANCOVA, analysis of covariance; CFS, corneal fluorescein staining; LS, least squares; SE, standard error.

112

Correlation between central CFS and VA



On day 84, there was a high correlation between reduced central corneal staining and improved Snellen VA ($P = 0.0117$) in the OTX-101 (0.09%) treatment group^b

Decreased Snellen VA logMAR scores correlate to improvement in VA.

^aP-values for OTX-101 0.09% vs vehicle.

^bP-value from restricted maximum likelihood of mixed-effect model repeat measurement of VA vs CFS.

CFS, corneal fluorescein staining; SE, standard error; VA, visual acuity.

113

Safety

Summary of Administration Site Treatment-Emergent AEs

Instillation site TEAE	OTX-101 0.09% (N = 524)	Vehicle (N = 524)
Pain	114 (21.8)	21 (4.0)
Lacrimation	4 (0.8)	0
Pruritus	4 (0.8)	1 (0.2)
Reaction	4 (0.8)	3 (0.6)
Hypersensitivity	1 (0.2)	0
Foreign body sensation	1 (0.2)	0
Warmth	1 (0.2)	0
Discomfort	0	3 (0.6)
Irritation	0	1 (0.2)

Treatment-related AEs were mostly mild

Data presented as n (%) patients.
N is number of patients in the safety population.
AE, adverse event; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.

114

Corneal hysteresis: One Device, Four Parameters:

Reichert Corneal Response Technology

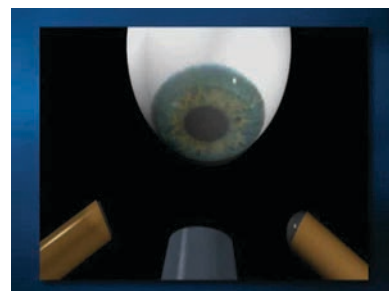
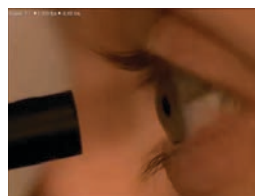


- **IOPG** - Goldmann Correlated IOP
- **IOPCC** - Corneal Compensated IOP
- **CH** - Corneal Hysteresis
- **CRF** - Corneal Resistance Factor

115

Method of Operation

Measured by rapidly deforming the cornea under a gentle air pulse



Corneal Biomechanics



Ocular Response Analyzer is the only instrument capable of measuring the biomechanical properties of the cornea

CH is independently predictive of glaucoma visual field progression rate
CH is predictive of response to IOP reduction medication
CH facilitates the "corneal compensated" IOP (IOPcc): an IOP measurement that is less influenced by corneal properties than other tonometers, including Goldmann.
This is superior to CCT-based adjustment formulas.

117

CCT-based IOP adjustment is not advisable From the OHTS

Published in final edited form as:
Ophthalmology. 2012 March ; 119(3): 437–442. doi:10.1016/j.ophtha.2011.03.018.

Adjusting Intraocular Pressure for Central Corneal Thickness Does Not Improve Prediction Models for Primary Open-Angle Glaucoma

James D. Brandt, M.D.¹, Mae O. Gordon, PhD^{2,3}, Feng Gao, PhD³, Julia A. Beiser, M.S.², J. Phillip Miller, A.B.³, and Michael A. Kass, M.D.² for the Ocular Hypertension Treatment Study Group

¹ University of California, Davis, Department of Ophthalmology & Vision Science
² Washington University School of Medicine, Department of Ophthalmology and Visual Sciences
³ Washington University School of Medicine, Division of Biostatistics

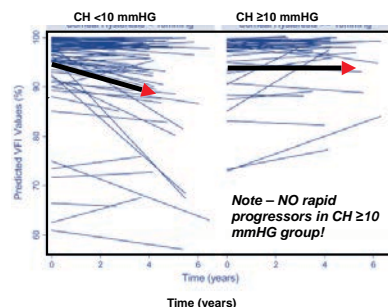
Abstract

Purpose—To determine if the accuracy of the baseline prediction model for the development of primary open-angle glaucoma (POAG) in ocular hypertension patients can be improved by correcting intraocular pressure (IOP) for central corneal thickness (CCT).

Design—Re-analysis of the baseline prediction model for the development of POAG from the Ocular Hypertension Treatment Study (OHTS) substituting IOP adjusted for CCT using 5

Corneal Hysteresis in Glaucoma

Predictive of Progression in Prospective, Longitudinal Study (DIGS)



- Univariate model: each 1 mmHg decrease in CH was associated with a 0.25%/year increase in rate of VFI decline ($P < 0.001$)
- By comparison, each 1 mmHg higher baseline GAT IOP was associated with a 0.11%/year faster rate of VFI loss ($P < 0.001$)
- In the multivariate model, CH was >3X more associated with rate of VFI progression than CCT (17.4% vs 5.2%)
- The relationship between CH and IOP is complex:
 - For eyes with lower CH, the impact of IOP was significantly larger than in eyes with higher CH levels.

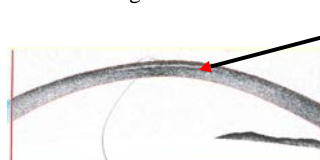
The prospective longitudinal design of this study supports the role of CH as an important factor to be considered in the assessment of risk for glaucoma progression

IOPcc – a superior indicator of IOP

Case 1: IOPcc Ignores Edema!

57 yo post LASIK female

- Complaining of blurry vision and pain in right eye
- GAT: 15 mmHg
- IOPcc: **46 mmHg!!**
- OCT image showed fluid under the flap (edematous)



Patient Diagnosed with Angle Closure Glaucoma

Data Courtesy of William Wiley, MD, Cleveland Clinic

IOPcc – a superior indicator of IOP

Case 2: IOPcc agrees better with status of VF loss

53 yo black male with Glaucoma

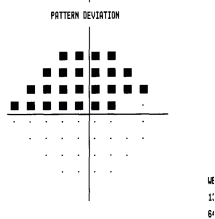
- CCT 598/582
- GAT: 15mm Hg
- On IOP medication OU

IOPcc Measurements

- IOPg: 15.5 OD / 15.0 OS
- IOPcc: 19.2 OD / 18.9 OS

Note: IOPcc is the opposite direction from a CCT adjustment and is properly associated with the status of glaucoma

Data Courtesy of Nathan Radcliffe, MD
Assistant Professor of Ophthalmology
Weill Cornell Medical College, New York-Presbyterian Hospital
Data Courtesy of William Wiley, MD, Cleveland Clinic



Contact tonometer: Intelligent Positioning Assistant



Green light on the probe base indicates correct vertical alignment

The probe should point perpendicularly to the center of the cornea (the reflection of the light ring is seen symmetrically inside the sphere of the pupil).

Red light on the probe base indicates incorrect vertical alignment of the tonometer.

122

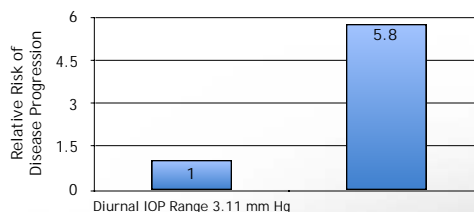
Advanced Navigation Interface

The advanced navigation interface includes 3 buttons and a 128x128 pixel OLED color display for effortless selection and menu browsing.



123

Self-Monitoring Makes a Difference



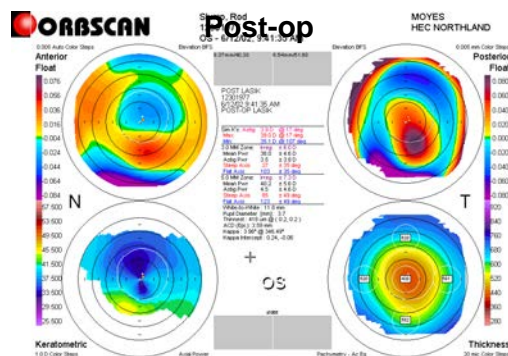
Arsani S, Zeimer R, Wilensky J, et al. Large diurnal fluctuations in intraocular pressure are an independent risk factor in patients with glaucoma. *J Glaucoma*. 2000;9:134-142.

124

3/23/2017

Collagen Cross Linking (CXL)

Ectasia Diagnosis and Management



Corneal Cross-Linking

- First introduced by Theo Seiler MD
- Involves saturating the cornea with riboflavin (Vit B2)
- Expose cornea to UV light (370 nm) for 30 minutes
- Riboflavin absorbs UV light and produces singlet oxygen
- Causes cross-linking of collagen fibers and extracellular matrix proteins
- To protect the endothelium:
 - Soak cornea for 30 minutes prior
 - Originally required debridement of corneal epithelium
 - Ensure riboflavin has penetrated to the AC

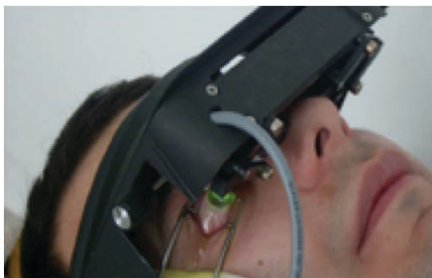
127

Corneal Cross-Linking

- Riboflavin prevents penetration of uv light
- Older corneas vs. younger corneas and progression of keratoconus
- CXL appears to be the first technology than can halt the progression of ectasia

128

Corneal Cross-Linking



129

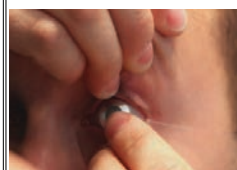


36

Other potential applications

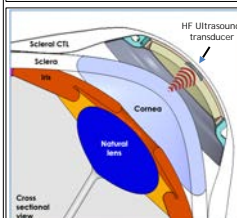
- Physician sponsored IND for infectious keratitis treatment
 - Ulcers limited to 250 microns
 - May also help with infectious load
- Treatment of corneal edema
 - Cross linking reduces imbibition pressure
 - Internationally it appears to work for 3 mo to 12 mo duration
- Treatment for fluctuating vision post RK

On-Eye Crosslinking: Comfort and Control



Scleral CTL with fiber optic UV delivery

- Eyes open/closed for comfort
- Eliminates motion challenges
- Customized treatment
- Small touchscreen control



Closed-loop ultrasound elastography feedback control

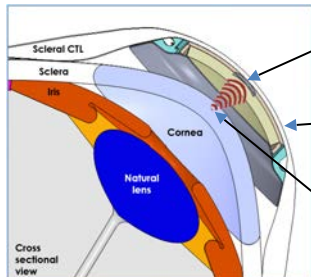
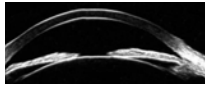
- Accurately measure pre-treatment corneal biomechanics
- CXL induced tissue changes monitored in real time
- UV transparent fluid interface provides acoustic medium and oxygen supply

132

Ultrasonic Dosimetry (Patents Pending)

Accurate dosing of the UV requires monitoring corneal changes during the treatment

The cornea is an ideal tissue to query with ultrasound
Only CXLens' on-eye delivery of UV enables real time ultrasonic dosimetry



- CXLens® UV delivery system design includes a high frequency (HF) ultrasonic transducer within the optical diffuser
- Positional stability of scleral lens enables precise acoustic measurement of ophthalmic structures
- Doppler capability allows assessment of stiffness of corneal membrane

133

TECLens Approach to Vision Correction

CXLens® - Crosslinking Lens



CXLens® is single use ultraviolet energy delivery and ultrasound monitoring system built into a scleral contact lens.

Placed directly on the eye, this next generation CCXL technology enables a multitude of superior capabilities and advantages.

134

CXLens® Non-Surgical Vision Correction

Myopia

Crosslink the center of the cornea to stiffen (and thus flatten) the central region



Hyperopia

Create annular crosslinked region to flatten periphery and steepen center



Astigmatism

Create a custom 'butterfly' pattern to flatten areas that are aspherically too steep



Proprietary & Confidential

(C)Copyright 2016 TECLens, LLC

135

DALK-Deep Anterior Lamellar Keratoplasty

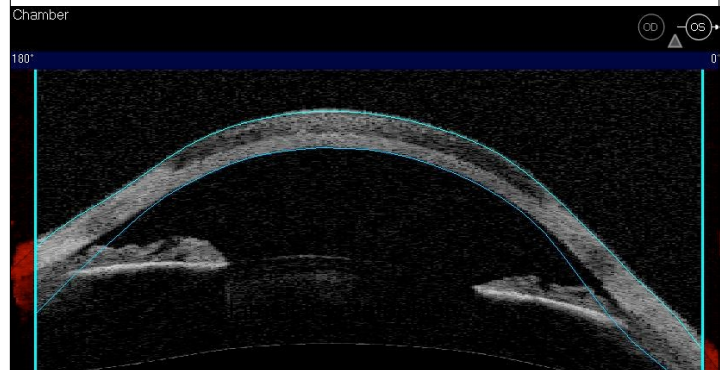


image courtesy of Dr. L. Buratto

Innovations in Eyecare Part II

Paul M. Karpecki, OD, FAAO

Kentucky Eye Institute, Lexington KY

Gaddie Eye Centers, Louisville KY

Retina Associates of KY

UPike KY College of Optometry

Chief Clinical Editor, Review of Optometry

Medical Director, TECP

137

Presbyopia Correction

- Accommodating IOLs
- Corneal Inlay Technology
- Scleral expansion
- Pharmaceutical agents/ eye drops

138

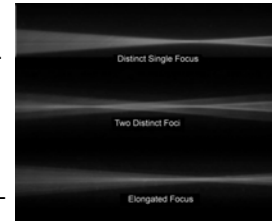
Presbyopia Correction

- Accommodating IOLs
- Corneal Inlay Technology
- Scleral expansion
- Pharmaceutical agents/ eye drops

139

Elongation Of Focus

Monofocal IOL
Multifocal IOL
TECNIS Symphony® IOL



¹ Data on File, Tecnis Symphony Green Light Bundle Bench Test DOF2014CT0005, Abbott Medical Optics Inc. 2014

140

Extended Depth Of Focus

Unique optics, creating a different visual experience

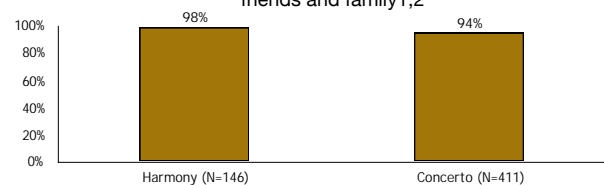


- The proprietary echelette design introduces a novel pattern of light diffraction that elongates the focus of the eye¹
- The echelette is the relief or profile of the lens (height differential) within each ring
- The height, spacing, and profile of the echelettes to create a diffractive pattern for an elongated focus

141

Patient Satisfaction

Percent of patients who would recommend EDOF IOLs to friends and family^{1,2}



¹ DOF2016CT0024 Concerto Study Report, ² DOF2015OTI0009 Symphony Harmony Observational Study

142

Scleral Expansion for Presbyopia

- Restarted Clinical trial with redesign of method for creating the tunnels
- Now called the “VisAbility implant system”



143

Scleral Expansion Micro-Insert System

Docking Station Incisional System

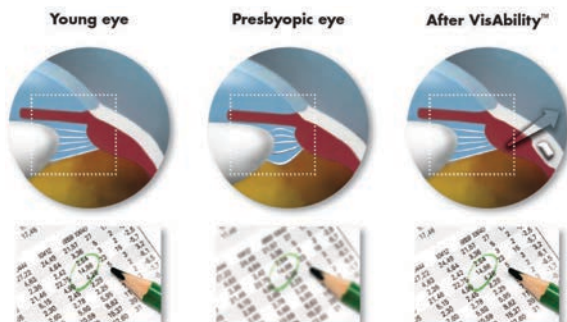
No marking
Docking station “locks” with 4-point fixation
Scleratome “docks” into position



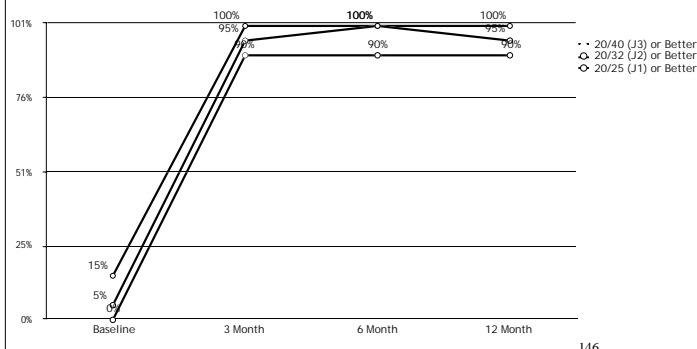
144

How does it work?

Implants may help the focusing muscles of the eye work better and improve near vision



Uncorrected Near Visual Acuity @ 40cm (Two Sites - Binocular (OU), n=20)



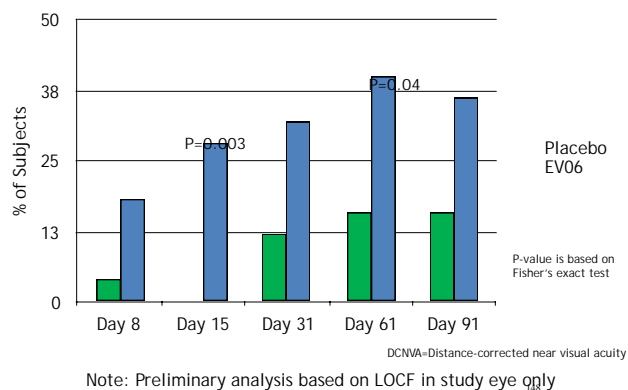
146

Topical Treatment for Presbyopia

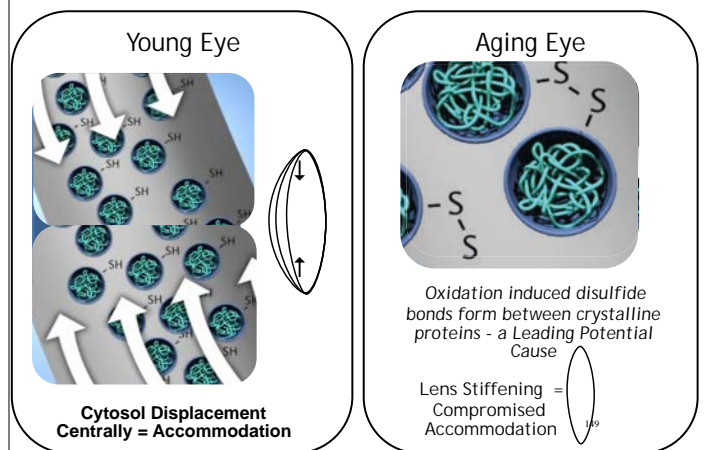
- Miotic therapies
 - Contains miotics but also proprietary components that allow full 12-14 hours of near and far vision
- Lens restoration
 - Contains drops that selectively target and disrupt the disulfide bonds in the lens
 - Total of 3-4 weeks of treatment and permanent results thus far

147

Percent of Subjects with Gain of ≥ 10 Letters in DCNVA

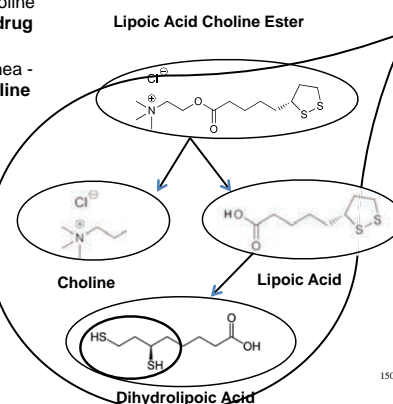


How Is Accommodation Lost?



What is EV06? How Does it Work?

- EV06 (Lipoic Acid Choline Ester, 1.5%) is a **prodrug**
- EV06 penetrates cornea - metabolized into **Choline & Lipoic Acid**, two naturally occurring substances
- Enzymes within lens fiber cells chemically reduce **Lipoic Acid** to active form **Dihydrolipoic Acid**

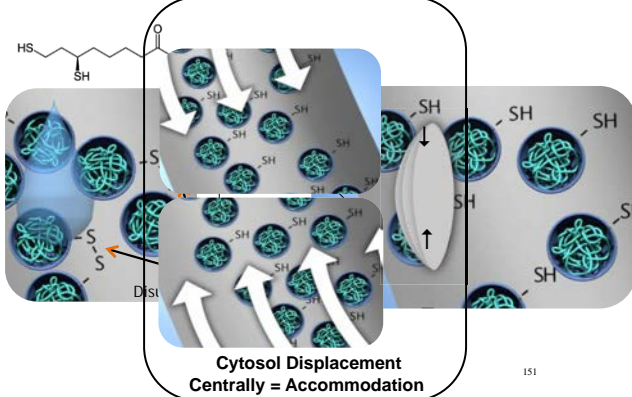


150

LENS ELASTICITY IS REGAINED

Dihydrolipoic Acid

Dihydrolipoic Acid Chemically Reduces Disulfide Bonds



EV06 Safety & Tolerance Results

- No Subjects Discontinued For Adverse Events, Safety Concerns, or Tolerability
- No Sight Related Adverse Events
- Upon Instillation
 - Mean EV06 Comfort Rating 3.0
 - Mean Placebo Comfort Rating 2.7
 - (Scale 0 – 10; “0” = Very Comfortable)
- No Change In Best Corrected Distance Visual Acuity

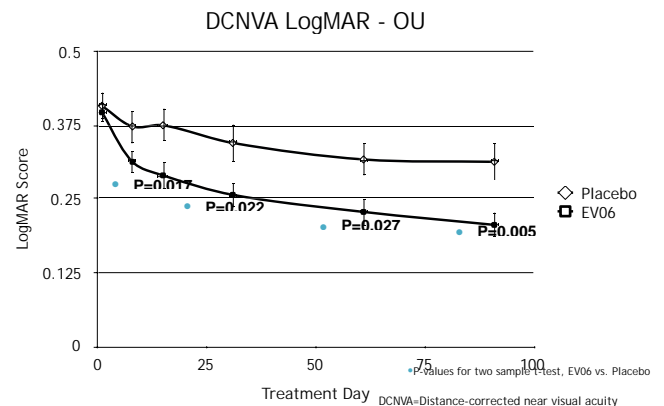
152

EV06 Efficacy Results

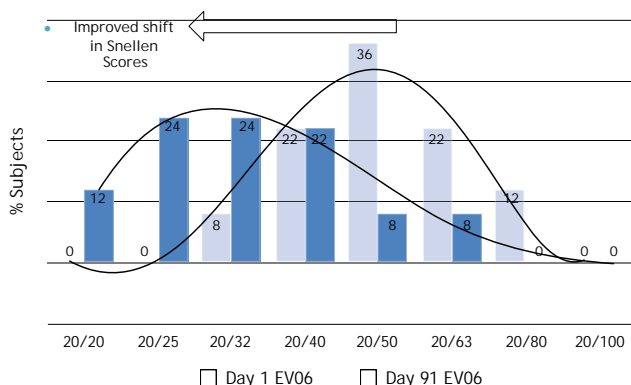
- Achieved both Primary Efficacy Results:
 - Improvement in Distance Corrected Near Vision Acuity (DCNVA) in the Study Eye after treatment, which continued throughout the dosing period
 - Higher proportion of subjects with gain of ≥ 10 letters in DCNVA in the study eye vs. placebo

153

Improvement in Distance Corrected Near Vision Acuity

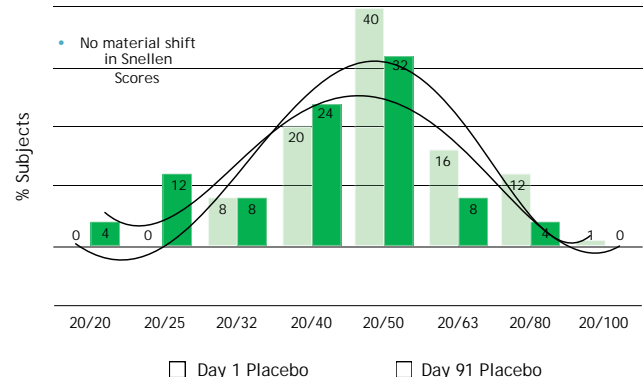


EV06 DCNVA Snellen score - Day 1 & Day 91



155

Placebo DCNVA Snellen score - Day 1 & Day 91



156

Light Adjustable IOL



- Currently available in Europe
- 6 mm silicone optic and PMMA haptic IOL
- Using a UV laser so as to change the refractive error
- Post operative enhancement, correction, adjustment
- Corrections to .1D accuracy
- Can trial mono vision through UV protection lenses
- Optometry's role in post-operative treatment is a necessity

157

Light Adjustable IOL



- Optometry role
- IOL polymer does not have 'healing' issues
- UV light adjustable corrects consistently every time
- Working on payment system currently but expect post-operative uv light correction as additional

158

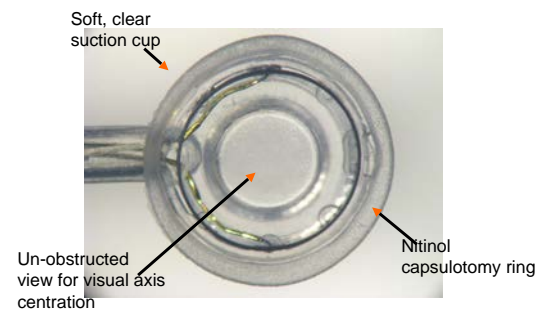
Capsulotomy System Consists of:



- Disposable Handpiece
- Capsulotomy Tip
- Control Console

159

Capsulotomy Tip



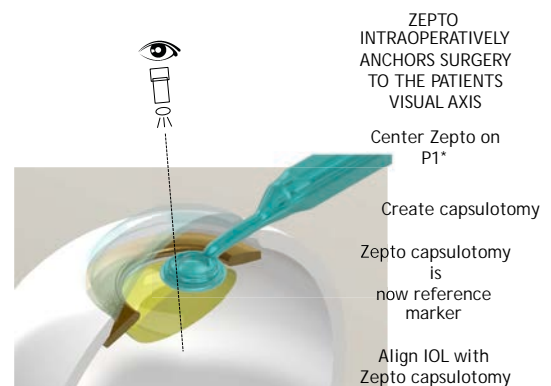
160

Operating Principles

- Suction pulls capsule against capsulotomy ring
- Electrical energy applied to ring for 4 milliseconds
- Phase transition of water molecules

Precision Pulse Capsulotomy

161



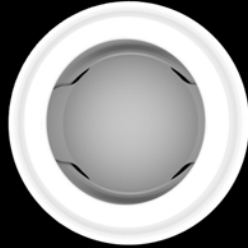
162

THE BENEFITS OF THE 3D CAPSULE

UNIQUE 3D DESIGN

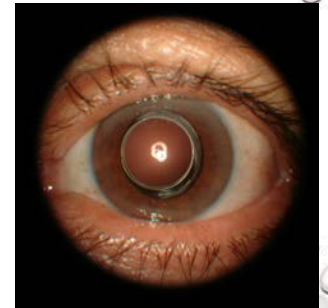


*The
Optical
Real Estate
Platform*

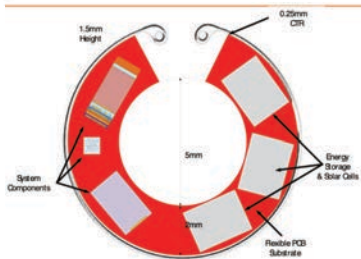


Incision (2.2 mm)

18 MONTHS POST IMPLANTATION-NO YAG

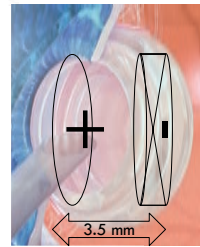


THE WIRELESS PRESSURE SENSOR



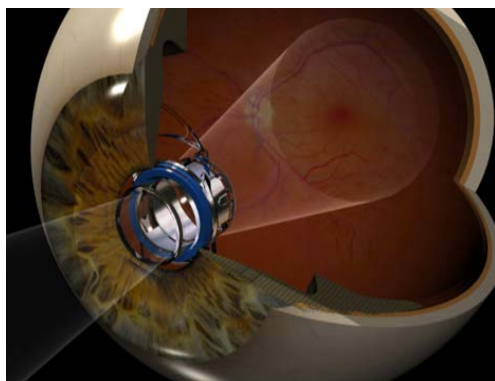
- Designed to fit within the central slot of the prosthetic capsule
- Communicates through tissue up to to a peripheral device
- Measures IOP 4 times/ hour without intervention
- Easily removed if needed
- Central 5mm is an open aperture

LOW VISION INTRAOCULAR TELESCOPE ASSEMBLY

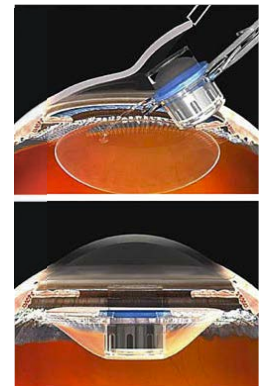
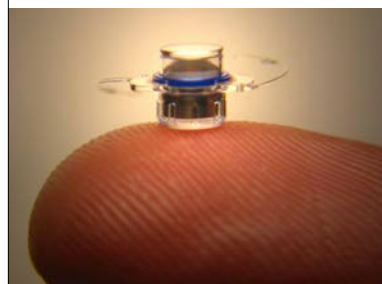


- Not all AMD patients had significant disease at the time of cataract surgery
- A platform for modification of the optical state of the eye has huge benefits
- The assembled parts can be inserted through traditional sub 3mm incisions.
- The telescope can be "tuned" for optimal magnification, field of view and prismatic offset.

Telescopic IOL for Advanced AMD



Telescopic IOL for Advanced AMD



Implantable Miniature Telescopes

- Renders retinal image ~2.7x larger than natural lens
 - Images seen upon viable perimacular tissue
 - Field of view 20-24 degrees
- 67% achieve ≥ 3 lines of improved VA (control = 13% - worse seeing eye for treatment eye)*
- Improved ADL's and Vision-Targeted Psychosocial Domains*

*Hudson H. A team approach helps severely visually impaired AMD patients. *Ophthalmic Management*. 2012; 52-54.

MIGS

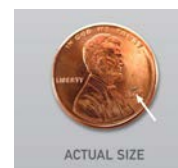


MIGS



MIGS

Smallest medical device known to be implanted in the human body and weighs just 60 μ g



172

MIGS

Designed to be used in conjunction with cataract surgery to safely and effectively reduce IOP while facilitating the eye's natural outflow in mild to moderate OAG patients currently on hypotensive medication

- Lowers IOP and may reduce or eliminate medication burden¹
- Decrease risk of IOP fluctuations associated with non-adherence to prescription medication regimens
- Avoid serious complications associated with end-stage filtration and shunt procedures
- Spare the conjunctiva and safely preserve future treatment options
- Minimizes risks of hypotony and bleb related complications

173

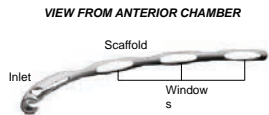
Newest MIGS device

- -7.6mmHg reduction in IOP
- Increased IOP reduction at 2 years compared to 1 year
- Likely approval in late 2018



174

Microstent



- Flexible, biocompatible 8 mm length microstent
- Made out of nitinol (highly biocompatible material used in cardiovascular stents)
- Contoured to match canal curvature
- Three open windows face anterior chamber
- The canal-facing surface is completely open for unobstructed collector channel access

Investigational Device in the US

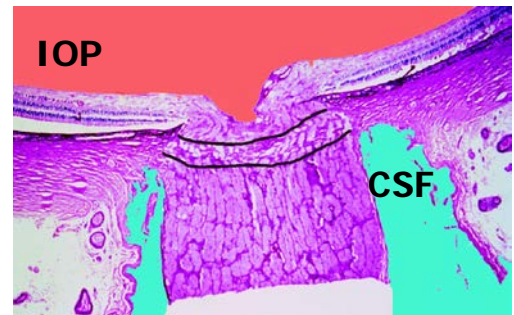
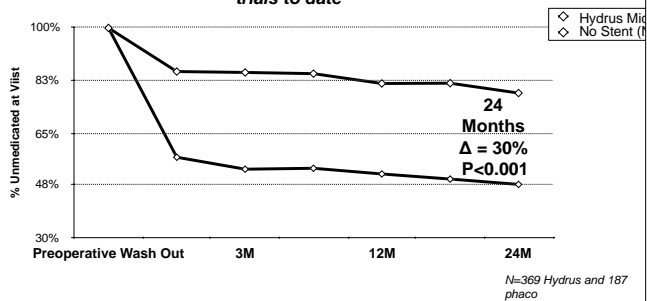
Real-time Confirmation of Accurate Delivery

Visual Confirmation of Proper Placement – No Need for Targeting

HORIZON: Medication Free

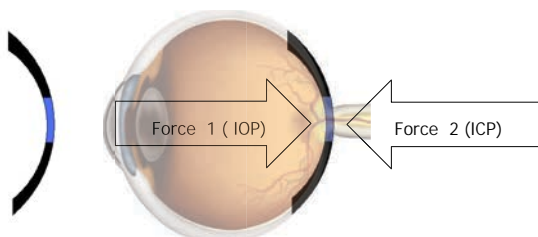
MEDICATION FREE 0-24 MONTHS

Largest treatment effect of all MIGS pivotal trials to date

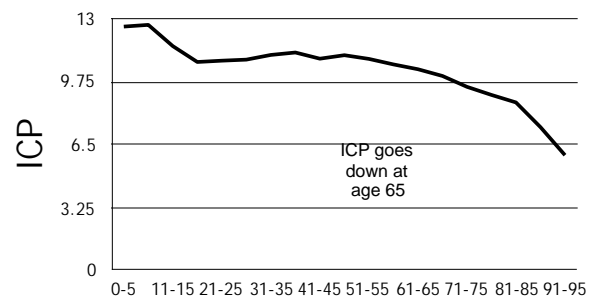


Jonas JB, Berenshtein E, Holbach L. Anatomic relationship between lamina cribrosa, intraocular space, and cerebrospinal fluid space. Invest Ophthalmol Vis Sci. 2003 Dec;44(12):5189-95.

Basic physics



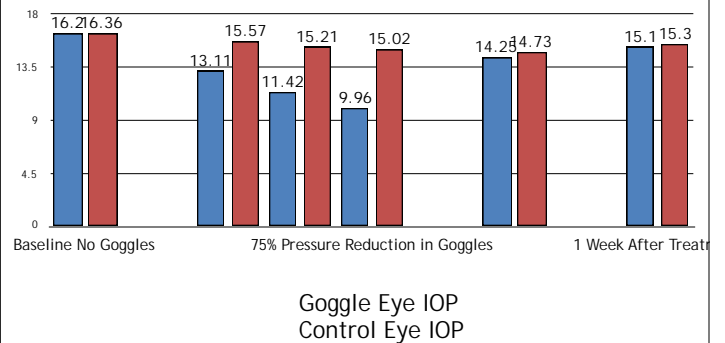
ICP changes with age



Solution?



Intraocular Pressure (mmHg) Reduction With Goggle Compared to Contralateral Control Eye
(Consistent Cohort, n=51)



Other options for Augmented Reality

- Surgical Systems
- AMD



Providing the whole picture by both maintaining a Wide Field of View and recovering the Central Field

View with
AMD (central
scotoma)

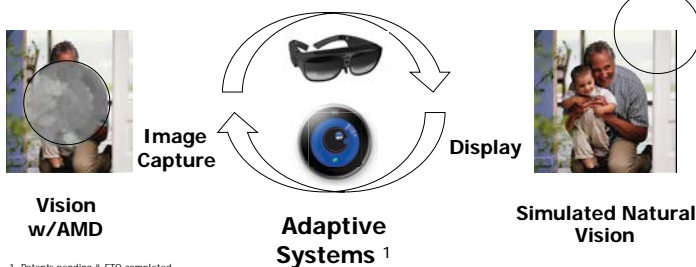
View with
Magnification
(this limits the
Field of View)



184

How it Works:

Open Market AR Hardware
+ Proprietary Software ¹



1. Patents pending & FTO completed

185

Technology Validation



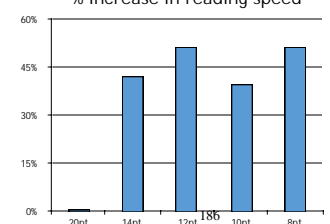
30 Users to Date
73 - 105 Age Range
20/60 - 20/400 Vision
Mostly Dry AMD

Technology
validated
improved reading
&
everyday tasks
easier



50% Improvement

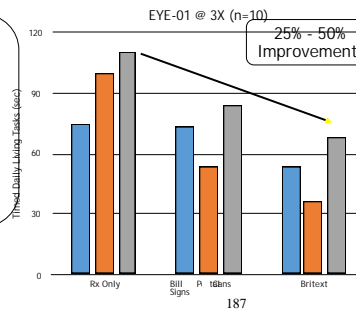
% increase in reading speed



Clinical Trial: Validation of Features

A New Timed Instrumental Activities Of Daily Living (TIADL) Measure For Evaluation Of Rehabilitation Outcomes (V.L. Gills¹, M. MacKeben², D.C. Fletcher^{1,2})

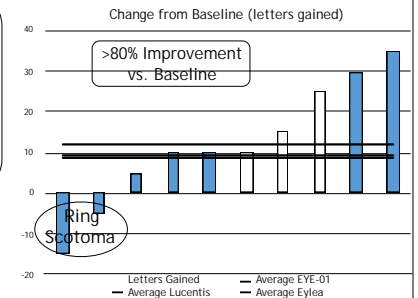
Timed Independent Activities of Daily Living (TIADLs):
Reading a bill
Identifying & Reading food cans
Sign spotting & reading



Clinical Trial: Validation of Features

Quantitative Evaluation of reading ability and visual acuity

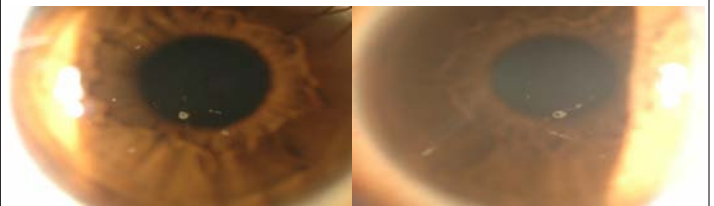
MNRead Reading Assessment:
Critical print size
Reading Acuity
Scotoma pattern dependencies



Gene Therapy & Genomics

- Generic variants causing most ocular diseases are being discovered
- Examples include glaucoma, dry AMD, Fuchs' and all corneal dystrophies
- Early treatment vs. repair
- Prevention of disease progression (e.g. Avellino Labs)
- Ocular anatomy and architecture are uniquely situated for gene based research

Case 1 Slit Lamp Examination



190

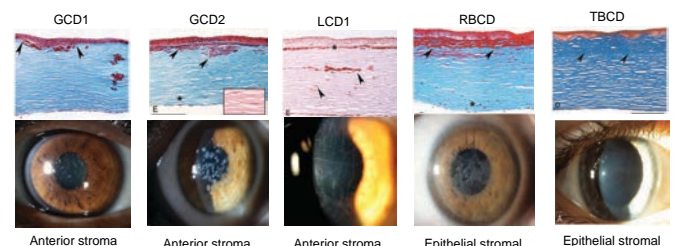
Considerations and DDx

- Corneal scarring from long-standing CL wear?
- EBMD - Cogan's or MDF?
- Appears to be anterior stromal
- A Stromal Dystrophy?

191

TGFBI Corneal Dystrophies

histologic and clinical appearances

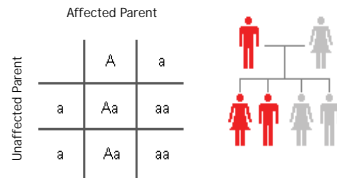


Wolke JS, Moller HU, et al. IC3D classification of corneal dystrophies—edition 2. *Cornea*. 2015 Feb;34(2):117-68.

192

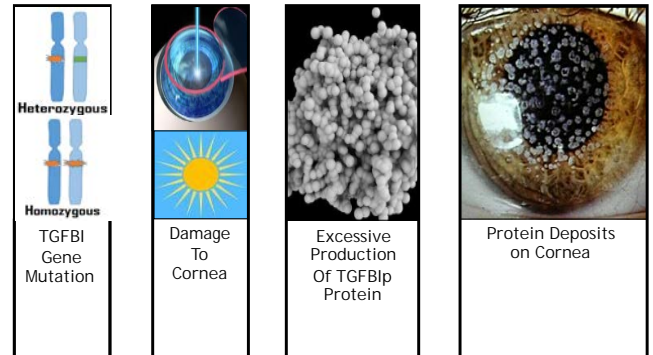
Autosomal Dominant Inheritance Pattern

If only one parent has a single copy of a dominant allele for a dominant disorder, their children will have a 50% chance of inheriting the disorder.



193

Mechanism of TGFBI Induced Corneal Dystrophy



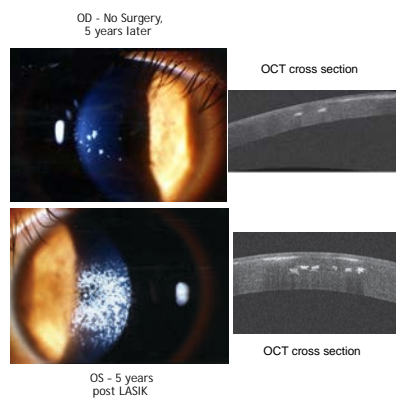
Proprietary and Confidential

194

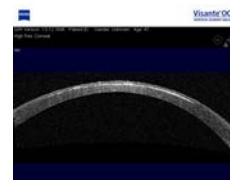
Post LASIK Exacerbation

In 2004, Jun et al published a case in Ophthalmology. A 25 year old female experienced decreased vision five years after LASIK. Genetically confirmed as GCD2

Roo Min Jun, MD, et al.
Ophthalmology III.3 (2004):463-468

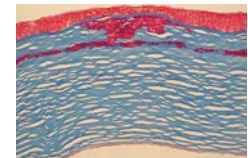


195



Right Eye OCT showing protein deposits at the interface of the flap

Histology slide after penetrating keratoplasty from a similar patient with GCD1 accelerated post LASIK



196

Subtle Phenotype

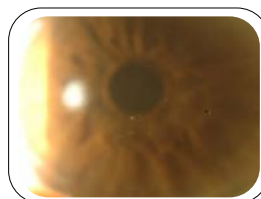
Daughter - age 21

Patient 'qualified' for LASIK on slit lamp exam, then genetically tested



Mother - age 47

No positive family history reported by patient.



197

Subtle Phenotype

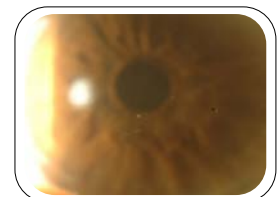
Daughter - age 21

Patient 'qualified' for LASIK on slit lamp exam, then genetically tested
Tested Positive GCD2



Mother - age 47

No positive family history reported by patient.
Tested Positive GCD2



198

CLIA Licensed Diagnostic Laboratory

licensed by U.S. Division of Laboratory Services, under the Center for Clinical Standards and Quality

Clinical Trial*:
100% Sensitivity, Specificity

*Clinical Trial
734 corneal dystrophy
subjects
136 normal controls

CLIA Testing:
100% Accuracy, Precision

199

AMD – A Genetic Disease

Macula Risk

A test that identifies AMD patients who will progress to vision loss



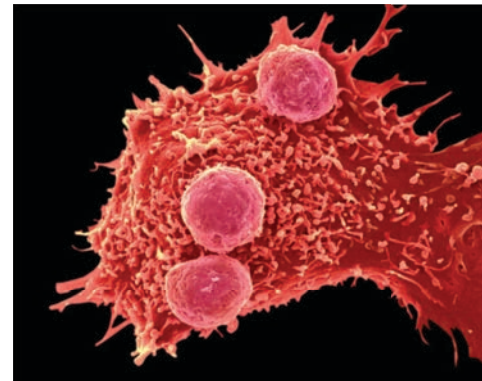
Cheek Swab

Genetic Testing for Ocular Disease

- Akin to “23 and Me”
- Only for ocular conditions ranging from AMD and Stargardt’s to Leber’s, Fuchs and even glaucoma

201

CRISPR Gene Editing and an Adenovirus vector



CRISPR can remove the damaged or faulty genes

Modified Adenovirus can present the proper genetic code to the body for integration

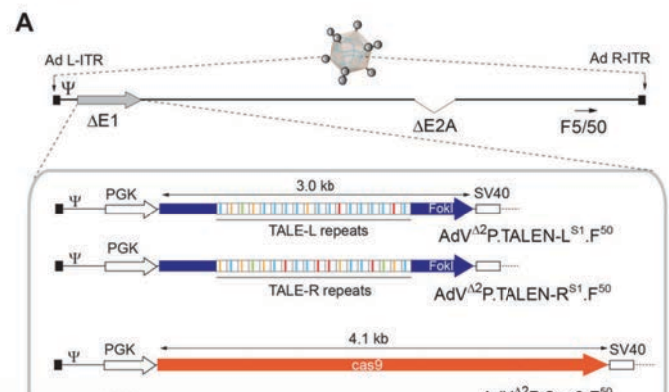
Article | [OPEN](#)

Adenoviral vector delivery of RNA-guided CRISPR/Cas9 nuclease complexes induces targeted mutagenesis in a diverse array of human cells

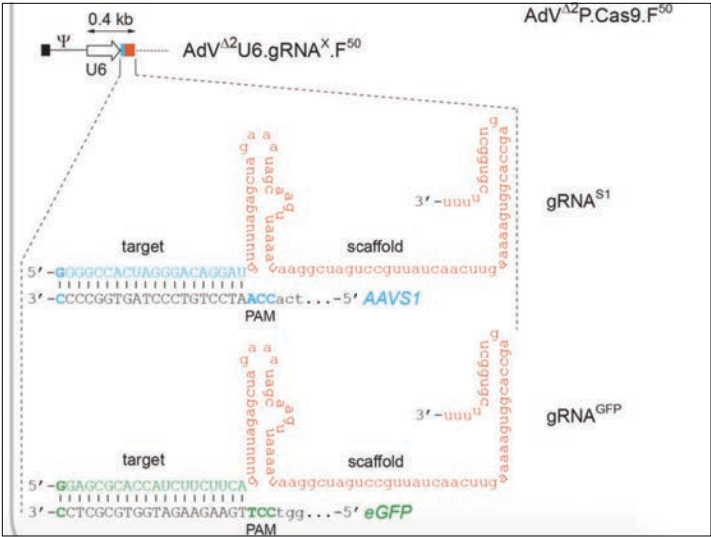
Ignazio Maggio, Maarten Holkers, Jin Liu, Josephine M. Janssen, Xiaoyu Chen & Manuel A. F. V. Gonçalves

2015

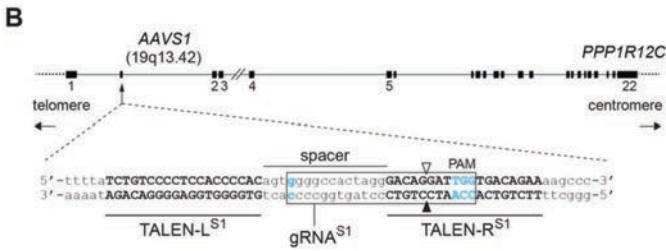
From: Adenoviral vector delivery of RNA-guided CRISPR/Cas9 nuclease complexes induces targeted mutagenesis in a diverse array of human cells



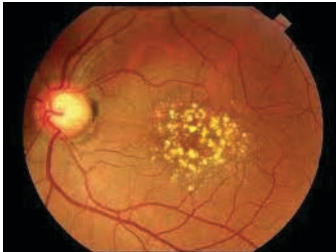
CRISPR followed by injecting the correct code for Leber's Optic Neuropathy currently in clinical trials



AMD Opportunity



Medical Utility - The AMD Problem

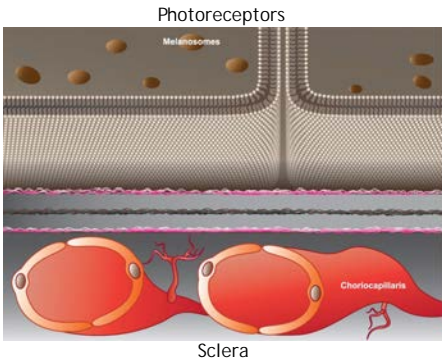


How can the Primary Eye Care Professional identify those at Risk?

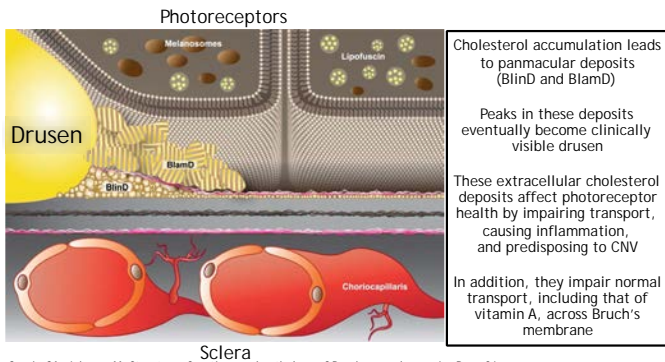
Only 15% to 20% of Early / Intermediate AMD will progress to Advanced disease



Dark Adaptometry



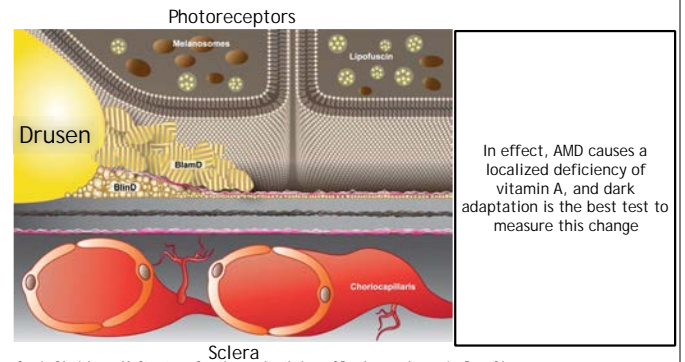
Dark Adaptometry



Curcio CA, Johnson M. Structure, function, and pathology of Bruch's membrane. In: Ryan SJ, et al, eds. *Retina*, Vol 1, Part 2: Basic Science and Translation to Therapy. 5th ed. London: Elsevier; 2013:466-481.

211

Dark Adaptometry



Curcio CA, Johnson M. Structure, function, and pathology of Bruch's membrane. In: Ryan SJ, et al, eds. *Retina*, Vol 1, Part 2: Basic Science and Translation to Therapy. 5th ed. London: Elsevier; 2013:466-481.

212

Dark Adaptometry

Dark adaptation is the process of adjusting from day vision to night vision

Easy-to-measure aspect of night vision



213

Dark Adaptometry

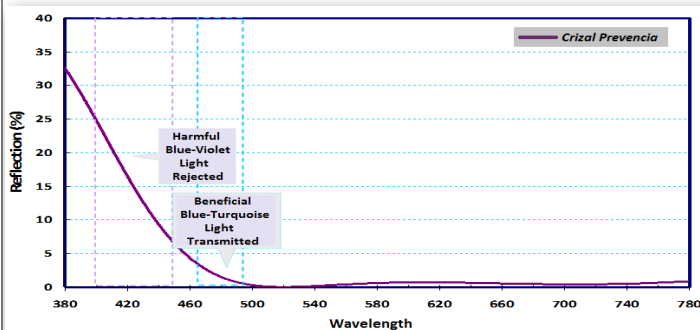
First dark adaptometer for rapid, routine clinical use

Simple, objective tool to measure dark adaptation as earliest functional correlate of macular dystrophies

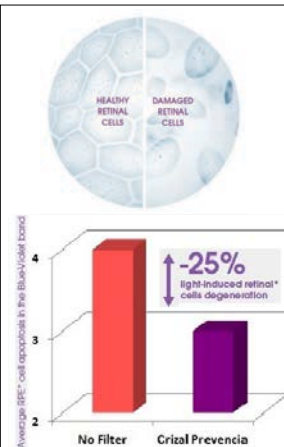
- Two clinical protocols
- ≤6.5-minute rapid test (for quick assessment)
 - ≤20-minute extended test (for benchmarking)



214



215



216

A Breakthrough Study in Blue Light- Sleep patterns

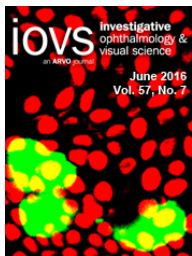


Nova Southeastern University College of Optometry
Study Independently conducted
Randomized Controlled Crossover Trial (The gold standard)
24 Subjects wore BluTech after 6:00 PM for 5 days, and then Clear Lenses with Anti-reflective Coating Only* for the following 5 days
Actigraphy watches noninvasively recorded sleep patterns
Melatonin samples collected from saliva after day 5
Mood & neurobehavioral performance assessed with NIH Toolbox Emotion and Cognition Batteries, respectively.

Key Findings:
Wearing BluTech for just 5 days, participants demonstrated:
1. Increase in Melatonin levels by 96% ($P=0.036$)
2. Less awakening during sleep, reduced sleep onset latency
3. Improved cognition using pattern comparison test ($P=0.047$)

CONCLUSION:
Wearing BluTech Lenses is clinically proven to double your nighttime Melatonin levels, which MAY improve sleep and cognition.

217



219

RESEARCH QUESTION

"Does supplementation with all three macular carotenoids in a ratio (mg/day) of **10:10:2 (L:MZ:Z)**, for 12 months, enhance visual function in normal subjects (without retinal disease) when compared to placebo?"

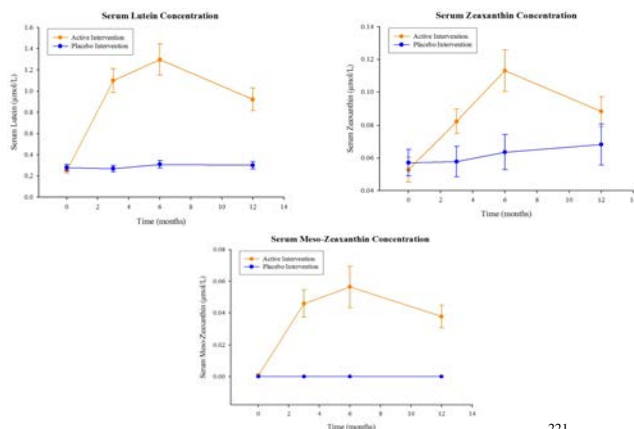
Active:
10:10:2 mg/day
(M:Z:L:Z)

or

PLACEBO
No Active Ingredient

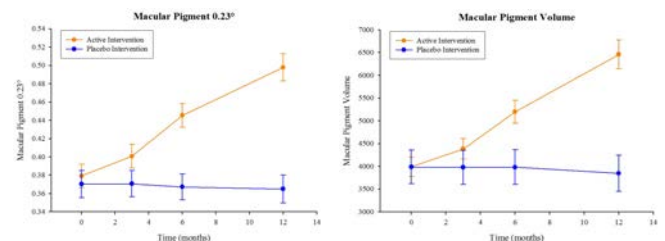
220

SERUM CAROTENOID RESPONSE



221

MACULAR PIGMENT RESPONSE



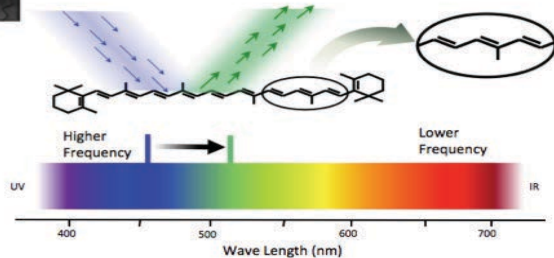
All subjects in active intervention exhibited augmentation of MP;
MP Volume mean \pm SD = 2436 (\pm 1451), range 738 to 6464;
In percentage terms, mean \pm SD = 73% (\pm 62%), range 16% to 337%;

222



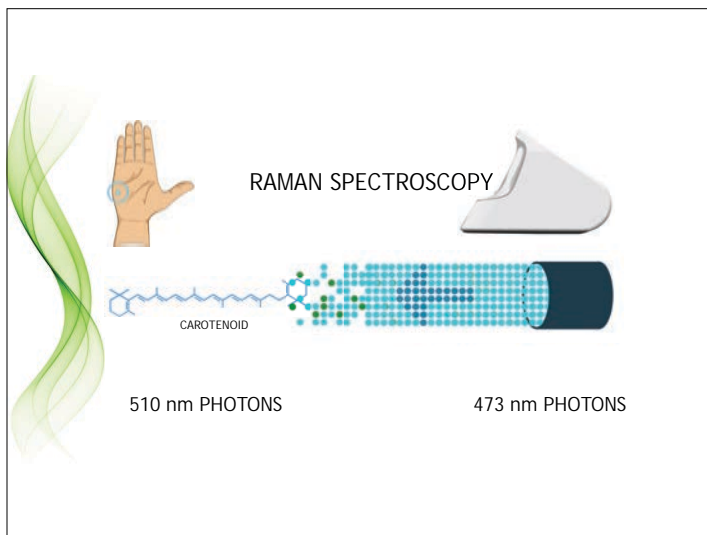
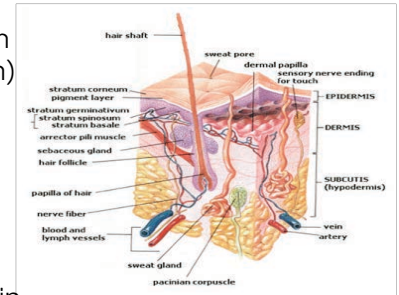
Raman Spectroscopy Sir C. V. Raman, Nobel Prize in Physics, 1930

When blue light (at exactly 473 nm) is shined onto carotenoids, the energy of the reflected light is "shifted" to green (510 nm) due to a molecular characteristic shared among all carotenoids. This is known as "Raman shift"



Skin Carotenoids

Measured in stratum corneum (0.1 mm) layer of the skin
 α - and β -Carotenes,
 Lycopene,
 Lutein,
 Zeaxanthin,
 α -, β -Cryptoxanthin



Resonance Raman spectroscopic evaluation of skin carotenoids as a biomarker of carotenoid status for human studies

Susan T. Mayne^{a,*}, Brenda Cartmel^a, Stephanie Scarmo^{a,b}, Lisa Jahns^c, Igor V. Ermakov^d, Werner Gellermann^d

^aYale School of Public Health and Yale Cancer Center, 60 College St., P.O. Box 208034, New Haven, CT 06520, USA

^bCenter for Science in the Public Interest, 1220 I Street, N.W., Suite 300, Washington, DC 20005, USA

^cUSDA/ARS Grand Forks Human Nutrition Research Center, 2420 2nd Avenue North, Grand Forks, ND 58203, USA

^dDepartment of Physics and Astronomy, University of Utah, Salt Lake City, UT 84112, USA

ARTICLE INFO

Article history:
 Available online xxx

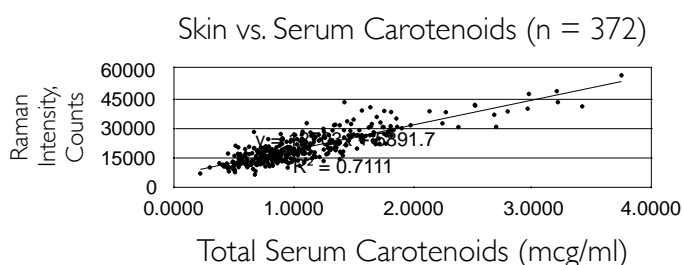
Keywords:
 Carotenoids
 Skin
 Resonance Raman spectroscopy
 Beta-carotene
 Biomarker

ABSTRACT

Resonance Raman spectroscopy (RRS) is a non-invasive method that has been developed to assess carotenoid status in human tissues including human skin *in vivo*. Skin carotenoid status has been suggested as a promising biomarker for human studies. This manuscript describes research done relevant to the development of this biomarker, including its reproducibility, validity, feasibility for use in field settings, and factors that affect the biomarker such as diet, smoking, and adiposity. Recent studies have evaluated the response of the biomarker to controlled carotenoid interventions, both supplement-based and dietary [e.g., provision of a high-carotenoid fruit and vegetable (FV)-enriched diet], demonstrating consistent response to intervention. The totality of evidence supports the use of skin carotenoid status as an objective biomarker of FV intake, although in the cross-sectional setting, diet explains only some of the variation in this biomarker. However, this limitation is also a strength in that skin carotenoids may effectively serve as an integrated biomarker of health, with higher status reflecting greater FV intake, lack of smoking, and lack of adiposity. Thus, this biomarker holds promise as both a health biomarker and an objective indicator of FV intake, supporting its further development and utilization for medical and public health purposes.

*Arch Biochem Biophys. PMC 2014

Initial Study: Correlation study of skin carotenoids and serum carotenoid levels ; $r = 0.84$ ($p < 0.0001$)



ARVO2016
 RESEARCH: A VISION OF HOPE MAY 1 - 5 | SEATTLE

Interrelationships between Macular, Skin, and Serum Carotenoids Tue, May 03

Author Block: Christopher D. Conrady¹, James E. Bell¹, Brian M. Besch¹, Aruna Gorusupudi¹, Werner Gellermann¹, Kelliann Farnsworth¹, Paul S. Bernstein¹

¹ Ophthalmology, University of Utah - Moran Eye Center, Salt Lake City, Utah, United States

Conclusion:

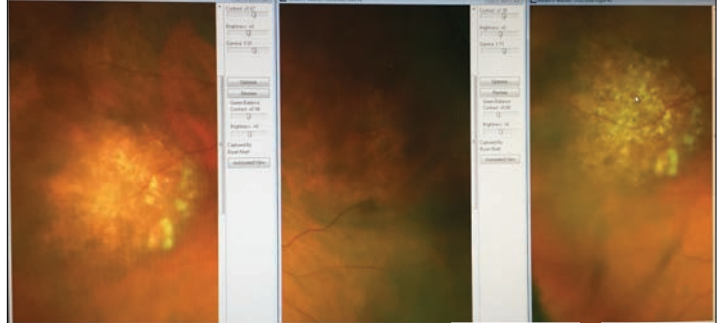
"Skin RRS is a reasonable biomarker of macular carotenoid status that can be readily performed in a wide variety of research, clinical, and non-clinical settings."

Today's UltraSound Technology



229

Keys to Determining if a Nevus is a Choroidal Melanoma



Keys to Determining if a Nevus is a Choroidal Melanoma

Symptoms

Flashes

Floaters

Decreased VA

Orange pigment (lipofuscin) on the surface of the lesion

Touching the disc margin area

231

Keys to Determining if a Nevus is a Choroidal Melanoma

Height over 2mm on **ultrasound**

Subretinal fluid on or off the lesion

Increasing basal diameter

232



Common Indications for B-Scan Ultrasound Testing

Nevi

PVD

Potential RD (flashes/floaters/cobwebs)

Obstructed view to the retina

Opaque corneas

Dense cataracts

Vitreous hemorrhages

Hyphema

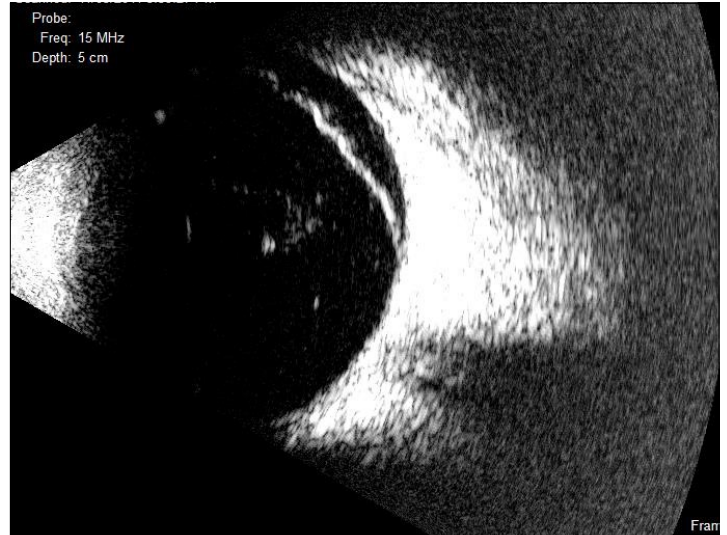
Optic nerve head drusen

234

Common Indications for Ultrasound Testing

Exophthalmos
Asteroid hyalosis
Dislocation of lens
Trauma
Hyphema
Intraocular foreign bodies
Any potential intraocular tumor

235



Common Indications for Ultrasound Testing

Valuable in differentiating:

Choroidal detachments (serous v. hemorrhagic)
RDs (rhegmatogenous v. exudative)
Retinal tear v. retinal detachment v. retinoschisis
ONH drusen from papilledema

237

Another application: Myopia Control



38

Patient John Doe Dr. Smith
DOB 020419153310 DGH Technology, Inc.
DOB 01 Jan 1960 110 Summit DR, Suite B
Gender Male Exton, PA 19341
Practice Phone

Axial Length Progression

OD Average Measurements (mm)										
ScanDate	Scan Type	Lens Type	Vitreous Type	Cl.	Rank	ACD	LT	VCD	AXL	Change from Prev Initial
02/04/2019 10:38:47 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.63	4.49	15.16	23.29	-----
02/04/2019 10:42:20 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.64	4.49	15.20	23.32	0.03 0.03
02/04/2019 10:43:42 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.63	4.49	15.16	23.28	-0.04 -0.01
02/04/2019 10:45:05 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.43	4.41	15.24	23.08	-0.20 -0.21

OS Average Measurements (mm)										
Scan Date	Scan Type	Lens Type	Vitreous Type	Cl.	Rank	ACD	LT	VCD	AXL	Change from Prev Initial
02/04/2019 10:39:38 AM	C	Con	Norm	8	3.0	3.50	3.98	15.46	22.94	-----
02/04/2019 10:42:59 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.55	4.80	15.25	23.39	0.45 0.45
02/04/2019 10:44:02 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.55	4.51	15.23	23.30	-0.09 0.36
02/04/2019 10:45:29 AM	C	Norm	Norm	8	3.0	3.57	4.53	15.22	23.32	0.02 0.38

Signature _____

239

Robotics in Ophthalmic Surgery



240

Robotics in Surgery

- da Vinci is the first surgical system approved by the U.S. FDA for minimally invasive general surgery in 2000
- Increasingly becoming standard equipment in many operating rooms
- Temple University presented the potential use of the da Vinci robot in transscleral, subretinal injections
- No tremor, reduction in incidence of RD

Robotics in Perimetry

- Patients were very receptive
- Twenty-two adults, naïve to perimetry, participated in four visual field tests conducted using an Octopus 900 (Haag-Streit AG) controlled with the Open Perimetry Interface to enable automated feedback.
- All participants received an initial introduction to perimetry from a human

Robotics in Perimetry

- All participants received an initial introduction to perimetry from a human operator and then participated with the following feedback conditions:
 - human
 - humanoid robot (NAO Robot, Softbank Robotics, Japan)
 - computer speaker

243

Robotics in Perimetry

- Post-hoc testing revealed no difference in overall rating of experience between the human and the robot
- But both were preferred to the computer speaker

244

PSF Refraction Technology

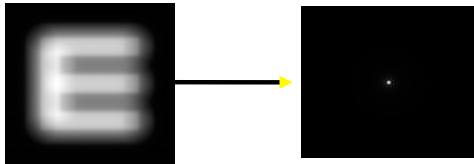


PSF Refraction Technology



PSF Refraction Technology

- Based on point spread function (PSF) rather than Snellen recognition

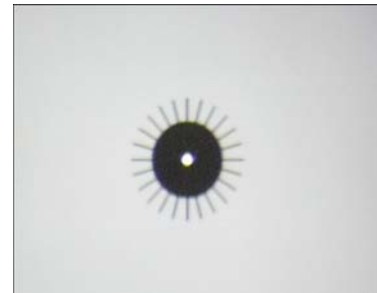
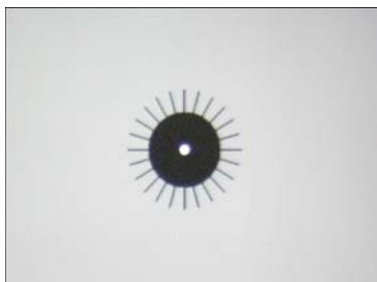


PSF Refraction Technology

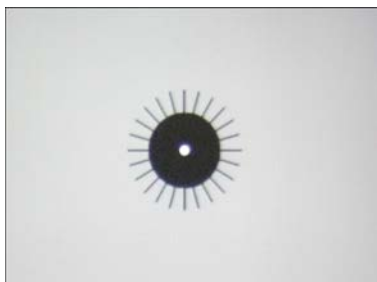
- Subjective focus
- Measures down to 0.05D
- Statistical increase in VA in pilot study
- Spectacles developed to match the technology



PSF Refraction is More Sensitive



PSF Refraction is More Sensitive



Study from SCO

- VASR stands for voice activated subjective refraction
- The scientific evidence showed that it was equally or more accurate to that of an eye doctor's manual reaction in 97% of the cases
- Drs. Christopher Lievens, Christina Newman, Alan Kabat, and a second year optometry student (Jacob Weber)
- The results revealed that there was no statistically significant difference between Vmax VASR and the manual phoropter refractions.

Study from SCO

- 14% of patients had better acuity with the VASR System (> 1 line Snellen compared to the phoropter refraction), 3% of subjects had worse acuity with VASR (>1 line Snellen worse refraction), and 83% had less than 1 line Snellen line difference compared to a faculty physicians traditional refraction.
- The student had only 2 hours of training compared to decades of training from SCO faculty
- The VASR autorefraction system utilizes wavefront aberrometry and the subjective refraction component utilizes proprietary point spread function (PSF) technology
- 20-30 seconds quicker with manual refraction***
- Submitted to IOVS for publication under Kabat A. et al

253

Preferred by Patients

- A comparative study of 13 Keratoconus patients (26 eyes), refracting patients first with a standard phoropter, and then using a PSF (point spread function) Refractor
- 69% of patients achieved higher VA with the PSF Refractor
- 31% of patients achieved equal VA with the PSF Refractor
- 0% of patients achieved worse VA with the PSF Refractor

254



255

Current NAION study QRK207

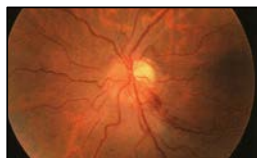
A Phase 2/3, Randomized, Double-Masked, Sham-Controlled Trial of QPI-1007 Delivered By Single or Multi-Dose Intravitreal Injection(s) to Subjects With Acute Nonarteritic Anterior Ischemic Optic Neuropathy (NAION)



256

Purpose of the study

- Determine the effect of QPI-1007 on visual function in subjects with recent-onset NAION.
- Assess the safety and tolerability of intravitreal injections of QPI-1007 in this population.
- Evaluate the structural changes in the retina following administration of QPI-1007.



Study Design

- This is a double masked, randomized, sham-controlled efficacy and safety study that will enroll approximately 530 subjects with recent-onset NAION.
- Subjects will be randomized into one of 5 groups in a 1:1:1:1:1 ratio, and assigned to receive QPI-1007 and/or a sham procedure. Subjects will have a one in five (20%) chance of receiving sham procedure (no active treatment).
- 5 cohorts: single low dose injection, single high dose injection, multiple low dose injections, multiple high dose injections, and sham injection procedure.
- Total study time involvement is approximately 12 months.

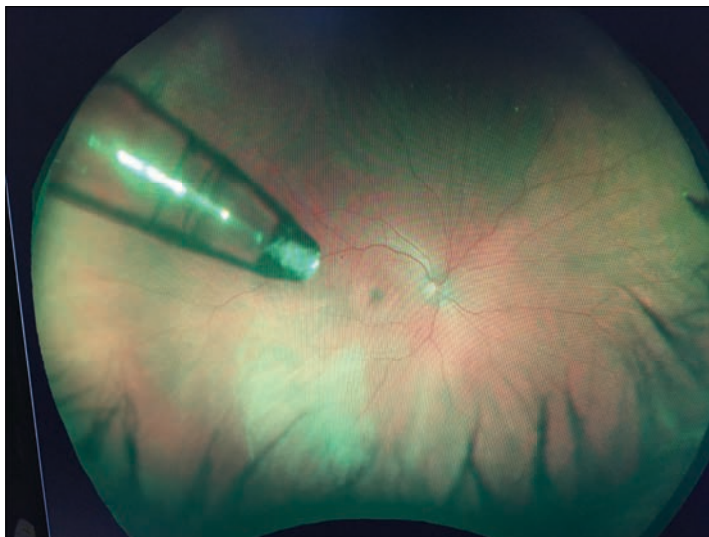
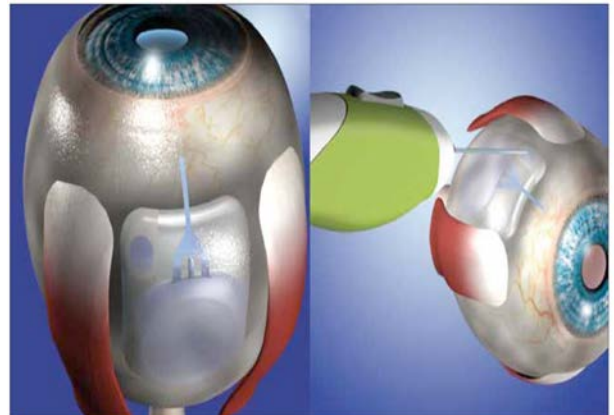
258

Key Inclusion Criteria

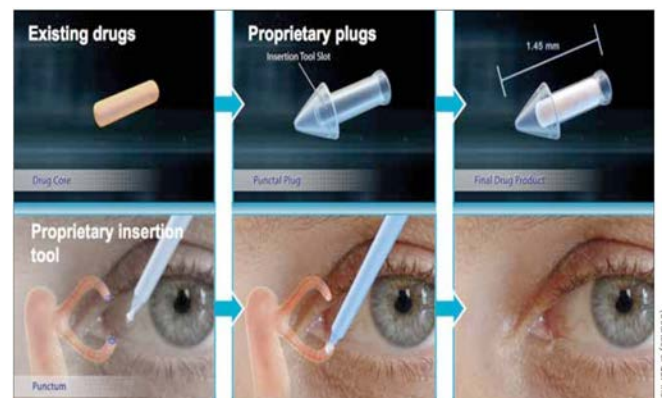
- Males and females 50-80 years old
- Positive diagnosis of first episode of NAION in the study eye with symptom onset within **14 days** prior to planned study drug administration/sham procedure
- Clear ocular media and able to undergo adequate pupil dilation to allow a good fundus examination

259

Drug Delivery Advances



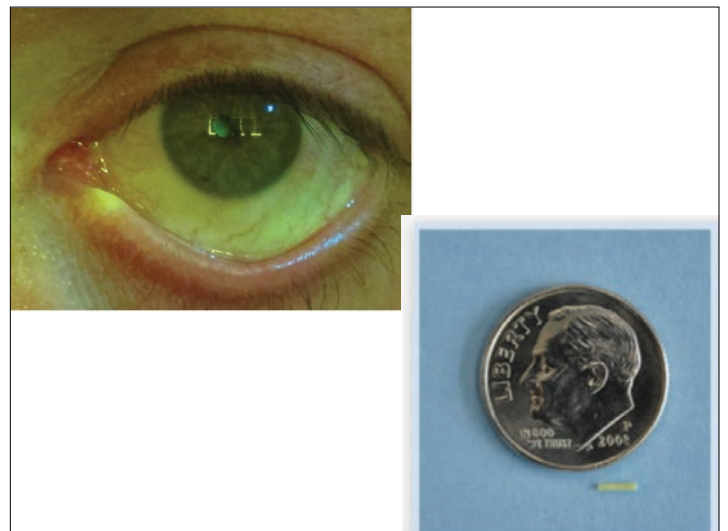
Drug Delivery Advances



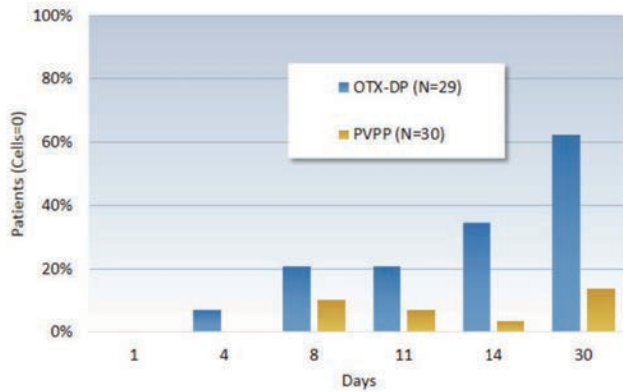
Ocular Therapeutix Drug Deliver

- Dextenza post cataract
- Dextenza for allergic conjunctivitis
- Sustained release Travoprost
- Dry eye therapy via a punctal plug

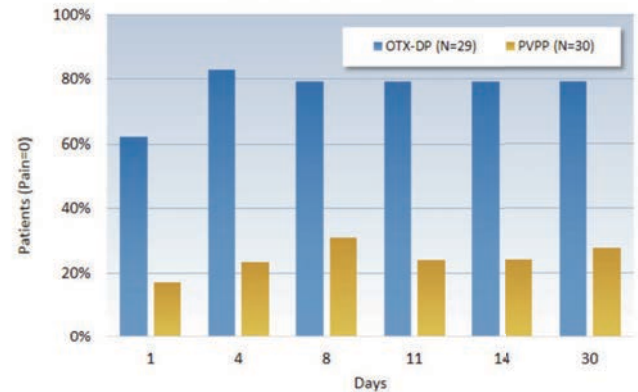
263



Absence of Anterior Chamber Cells



Absence of Ocular Pain



Punctal Plug Drug Deliver

- Newest technology
- 94% retention rates in clinical study
- Statistical improvement in inflammation and pain following cataract surgery with only an NSAID within the plug

267

Iontophoresis



Ocular Bandage Lens

CMHA-S Platform

Differentiation: CMHA-S is a crosslinked version of Hyaluronic acid

Hyaluronic acid

Crosslinked HA



269

Ocular Bandage Lens

- In a recent PRK clinical trial
- 45 subjects and 3 arms
- OBG vs. BCL vs. Control (AT's and ungs)

270

Ocular Bandage Lens

Positive Clinical Trial Results

Completed First Human Clinical Trial in PRK Patients

Re-epithelialization Wound Healing Study: OBG vs. Standard of Care (Bandage Contact Lens + Artificial Tears)

- ✓ Approximately 55% more patients treated with OBG healed by Day 3
- ✓ As early as Day 1 (24 hr post-op) average wound size was around 36% smaller and 83.3% smaller by Day 3 with OBG alone

	Number of Subjects Per Arm	Healed Wound on Day 3		Day 1		Day 3	
		Number	Percent	Horizontal*	Vertical*	Horizontal	Vertical
Arm 1 Ocular Bandage Gel	12	10	83.3%	4.1	4.5	0.1	0.2
Arm 2 Ocular Bandage Gel + Bandage Contact Lens	14	9	64.3%	5.3	6.5	0.3	0.3
Arm 3 (Standard of Care) Bandage Contact Lens + Artificial Tears	13	7	53.8%	5.4	6.2	0.6	0.6

*Length in mm

Ocular Bandage Gel: % Better than Bandage Contact Lens	54.8%	35.9%	27.4%	83.3%	66.7%
---	-------	-------	-------	-------	-------

SIMPLE DROPS



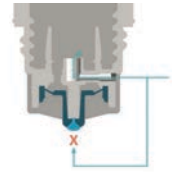
- Offers a preservative-free treatment regimen for your patients
- Provides convenience of multiple medications into one combination drop
- May increase patient compliance by reducing the number of drops taken per day
- May reduce costs to your patients with a low monthly cost

GLAUCOMA FORMULATIONS

PRESERVATIVE-FREE DROPS

All Simple Drops compounded formulations are made preservative-free.

- Products with preservatives may cause adverse reactions such as superficial punctate keratitis, corneal erosion, and conjunctival allergy^{4,5}
- Discomfort associated with adverse symptoms can lead to decreased compliance and/or discontinuation of treatment⁵
- Reducing the exposure to preservatives involves reducing the number of drops and/or removing the preservatives completely



4. Inoue, K. Managing adverse effects of glaucoma medications. Clinical Ophthalmology 2014; 8: 903-913.
5. Bagnis, A, Papadia, M, Scotto, R, Traverso, C. Antiglaucoma drugs: The role of preservative-free formulations. Saudi Journal of Ophthalmology 2011; 25(4): 389-394.

SIMPLE DROPS COMPOUNDED FORMULATIONS

Topical Offerings	Size
Latanoprost 0.005% PF	7.5mL
Dorzolamide 2% PF	10mL
Dorzolamide 2%/Timolol 0.5%	10mL/mL
Timolol 0.5%/Latanoprost 0.005% PF	5mL
Brimonidine 0.15%/Dorzolamide 2% PF	10mL
Timolol 0.5%/Dorzolamide 2%/Latanoprost 0.005% PF	5mL
Timolol 0.5%/Brimonidine 0.15%/Dorzolamide 2% PF	10mL
Timolol 0.5%/Brimonidine 0.15%/Dorzolamide 2%/Latanoprost 0.005% PF	5mL

MEDICATIONS FOR GLAUCOMA

- **Duo Glaucoma Drop**
–Latanoprost and timolol
- **Triple Glaucoma Drop**
–Timolol, brimonidine and dorzolamide
- **Quad Glaucoma Drop**
–Brimonidine, dorzolamide, latanoprost and timolol

DRY EYE FORMULATIONS

NEW TOTAL TEARS OFFERINGS FOR DRY EYE

Topical Offerings	Size
Klarity-C (Chondroitin sulfate/cyclosporine 0.1% ophthalmic emulsion PF)	5.5mL bottles
Klarity (Chondroitin sulfate ophthalmic solution PF)	10mL bottles

BENEFITS OF CHONDROITIN SULFATE

Enhances patient comfort associated with surgical trauma, contacts, and dry eye

Provides as a lubricant to the ocular surface¹

Contains Chondroitin Sulfate, known to preserve the cornea

Shown to have anti-inflammatory effects^{1,2}



1. Moon W A, Lee H, Shin K C, et al. Short term effects of topical cyclosporine and viscoelastic on the ocular surfaces in patients with dry eye. Korean Journal of Ophthalmology 2007; 21(4):pg1189-1194.
2. Llamas-Moneno J F, Balsa-Duran L M, Saucedo-Rodriguez L R, et al. Efficacy and safety of chondroitin sulfate/xanthan gum versus polyethylene glycol/propylene glycol/hydroxypropyl guar in patients with dry eye. Clinical Ophthalmology 2013; 7:pg995-999.

Allergic Conjunctivitis

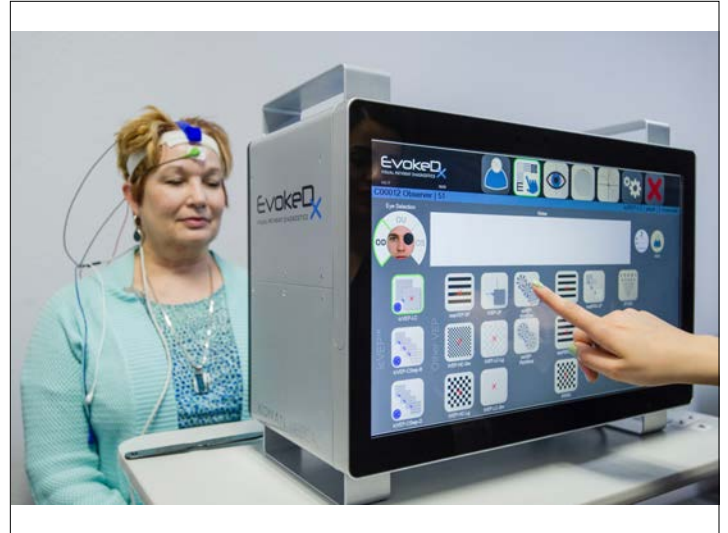
ZERVIAE

- FDA approval of ZERVIAE (cetirizine ophthalmic solution) 0.24%
- First topical ocular formulation of the antihistamine cetirizine

RTH258 (Injection)

- RTH258 for wet AMD meets endpoints in phase 3 trials
- A single-chain antibody fragment VEGF inhibitor
- Showed long-lasting efficacy dosed every 8 weeks compared with aflibercept
- A majority of the patients were maintained in a 12-week interval through week 48 after the loading phase

Apple-like companies



Hand-Held Portable non-mydratric Full-Field ERG + VEP

- 1 Soft eye cup for patient comfort
- 2 IR camera to view eye during testing
- 3 Immediate test results right on the device
- 4 Simple joystick control
- 5 Ergonomic to fit comfortably in hand
- 6 Small charging base
- 7 Lithium Ion battery for up to 8 hours* of use
- 8 Docking station offers USB connectivity

*Approximately 70 patients before recharging, depending on protocol used.



Hand-Held, Full-Field ERG

Quick Facts

The first, and only FDA cleared, hand-held, mobile, non-mydratric Full-Field ERG device
Affordable ERG testing in the palm of your hand
Easily integrates into your current practice flow
No dedicated test room or additional staff required
OF RETEVAL IN USE

286



Hand-Held, Full-Field ERG

Quick Facts

Complementary to other tests of function like visual fields and cone-isolation contrast sensitivity (ColorDx)
Largely unaffected by cataracts
May be useful for following progression of disease (e.g. diabetes)
Normative database for easy, color coded interpretation of most protocols

287

Pupillometry



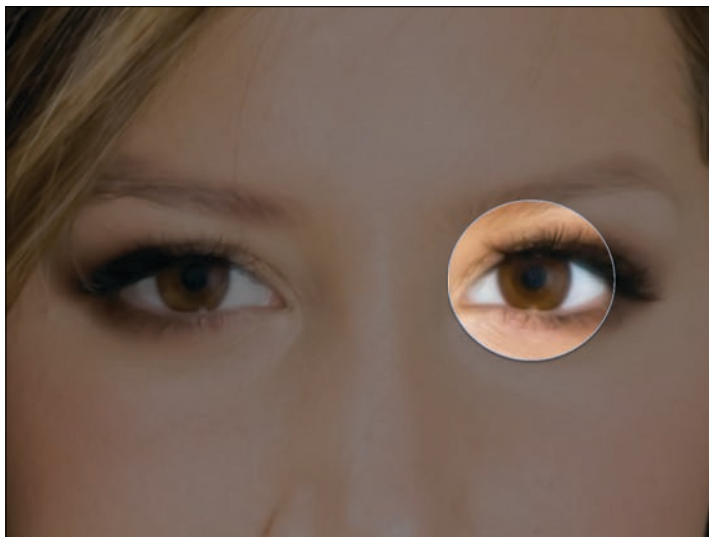


Pupillographer

Quick Facts
 Objective, quick,
 portable pupillary
 light reflex testing
 (PLR/RAPD)
 Modern, accurate
 alternative to the
 century old swinging
 flashlight test
 Confidently examine
 your dilated patient
 knowing a possible
 RAPD has not been
 missed

289

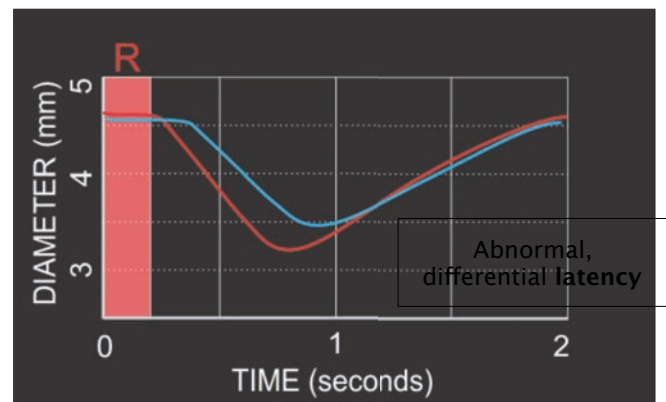
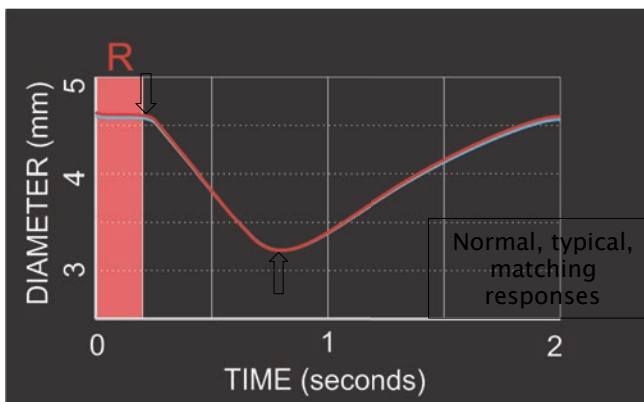
Pupil diagnostics have just been transformed from the dark ages to the 21st Century



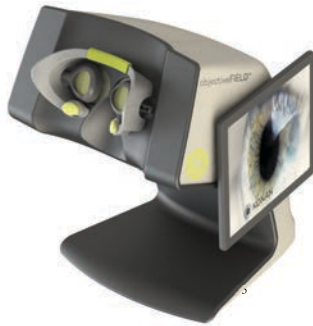
Test: Full Field Stimuli

Analogue of
 Swinging Flashlight

Expanded Stimuli



Objective Visual Field Testing



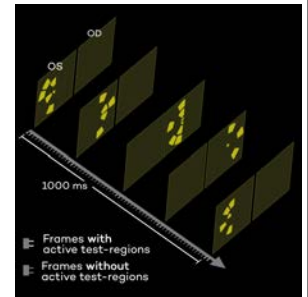
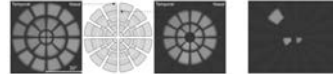
Testing multiple clusters at once!

Statistically independent clusters of visual stimuli are presented concurrently and bilaterally at multiple locations in the subject's visual field.



The resulting set of pupillary responses evoked by each of the visual stimuli provides a map of visual field function across the visual field of one or both eyes.

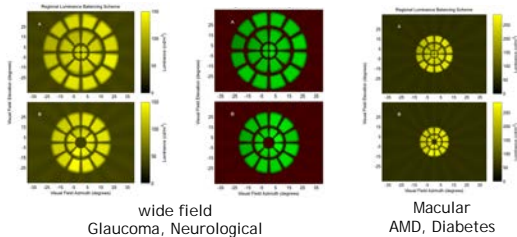
The appearance or non-appearance of stimuli, and their intensity, color and spatial frequency are controlled by statistically independent sequences.



296

Three Stimulus Methods

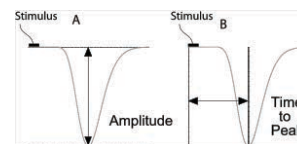
- Normative database for each protocol from 179 persons, each tested twice



297

Data obtained

- Pupil responses, down = contraction
- Pupil constriction amplitude = sensitivity; also get response delay (time to peak)



❖ These two measures are relatively independent and combining them into a composite report can improve the capacity to detect functional abnormalities.

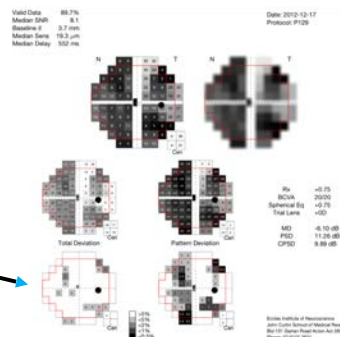
❖ Analysis are tolerant of up to 15% loss of data due to blinks or loss of fixation.

- so 176 sensitivities and 176 delays, and SE for each

298

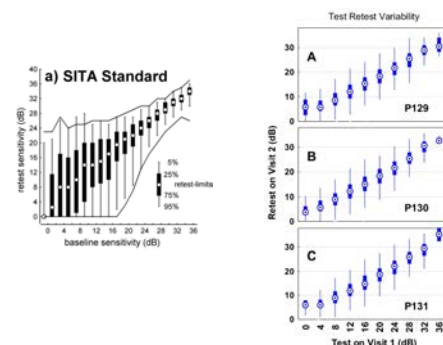
30-2+ Report

- Emulates SAP report
- True 30-2 pattern
- Plus 4 extra central regions
- Red border shows 24-2 pattern



299

Test-retest variability



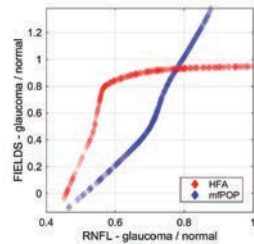
OFA test-retest data:

40 glaucoma patients and 175 controls
Each was tested twice about 2 weeks apart with the three different 6-minutes tests currently on the OFA.

300

Correlation with RNFL Loss

- The nonlinear relationship between HFA and early RNFL damage is well known¹.
- Abstract Submission WGC 2019
Structural and Functional testing
WGCSUB-1214
Sensitivities of cortically mediated objective perimetry correspond linearly with RNFL loss
 - >25 glaucoma patients and 27 stroke patients
 - Conclusions: The mfPOP method reported cortical losses similar to HFA and Matrix. Taken together the results indicate that cortically mediated mfPOP sensitivities reflect a more linear relationship with RNFL loss.



1. IOVS 2007 48: 3662-68

301

Advanced Color Testing

- Uses cone isolation contrast testing
- Individual Landolt C's that stimulate the 3 cone receptors
- Extremely accurate
- Ideal for early pathology detection such as glaucoma

302

ColorQTM
EXPANDED COLOR VISION DIAGNOSTICS



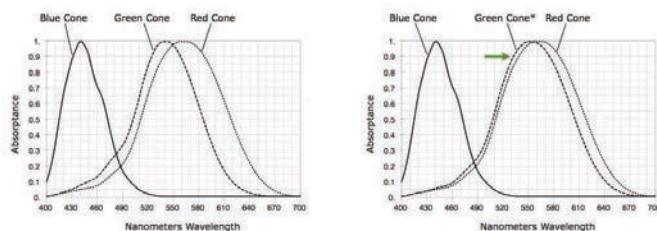
303

Color Deficiency

- Affects 1 in 200 females
- Affects 1 in 8 males
- 30 Million Americans have some level of color deficiency
- Deuteranopia being most common
- Protanopia occurs more often with acquired disease
- Ishihara misses 100% of protanopia

304

Color Deficiency



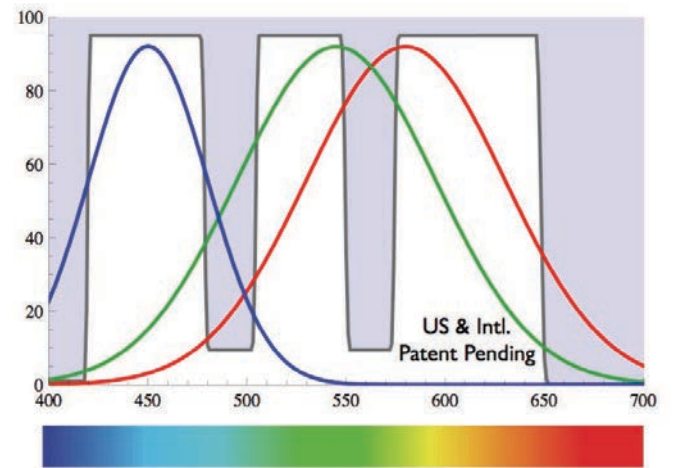
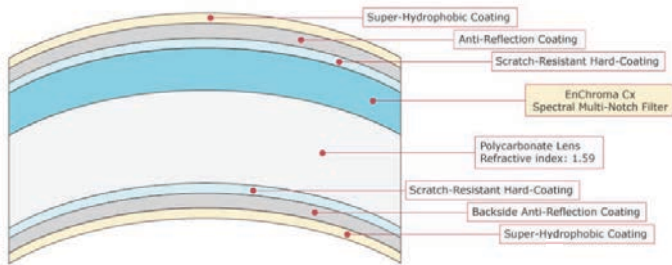
305

Artificial Intelligence for Color Enhancement

- Clear lenses
- AI helps ensure 'actual' color potential
- Indoor and outdoor lens

306

Wavelength Blocking Lenses



Wavelength Blocking Lenses



309

THANK YOU!

Karpecki@Karpecki.com